State Library

The People's Press.

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THE WEEK PAST.

It is rumored in London that Disraeli's reason for occupying the peerage he had formerly refused, is that he is about to again enter the matrimonial state. A few years ago he was reported to be engaged to the countess of Chesterfield, and his present fiancee is said to be a friend of hers. The new peer was born Dec. 21, 1805.

EX-EMPRESS Eugenie still wears fine clothes. She recently wore, while lunching with queen Victoria at Windsor castle, an exquisite costume of black grosgrain, with overskirt and sleeveless bodice of crape, and to the belt at her waist she had a pouch suspended, made of crape and embroidered magnificently in silk with her monogram, her arms and her imperial crown.

OF the South Pass jetty works the New Orleans Bulletin says: "The jetty contractors are busily employed in constructing the desired works at the head of the improved pass to get to deep water We have no doubt but that if they keep on as they have been working for some time past, they will gain the end so ardently hoped for and so long awaited in vain."

SCATTERED about the earth there are supposed to be 10,000,000 or 11,000,000 of Jews alive. Thousands of these people are rich, some of them own colossal fortunes. Rothschild could buy up the fee simple of Palestine. Goldsmith might rebuild the temple of Herod. Montefiore has money enough to cast a golden statue of king Solomon. But of those wealthy Hebrews, not one is willing to go back.

THE hair of a woman nearly ninety years of age, who died in Martha's Vineyard, was wholly woven in with false hair which had not been removed for over thirty years, and was held in place by one hundred and eighty pins. One article of her dress was held together by three hundred and eight pins, although her bureau contained ninety-eight new dress-patterns of all kinds and qualities, some of them bought sixty-four years ago, and one elegant brocade silk could be traced back two hundred years.

THE Turks have an enviabe facility of disposing of incompetent or unsatisfactory sultans. Murad Effendi had hardly seated himself upon the throne into which he was forced after Abdul Aziz had made such an effectual use of a pair of scissors in his bath when he was summarily retired and Abdul Hamid has been declared sultan in his stead. There is little use in giving the details of the new sultan's biography, as they will doubtless appear in his obituary in a day or two. The deposed sultan was incurably addicted to strong drink, and *delerium tremens* were unfavorable to the management of affairs in the present critical situation of the Turkish state. It is to be hoped that the new sultan will have the good sense to keep sober and save his own head.

RUFUS CHOATE is the subject of an article full of reminiscences in the Albany Law Journal. The writer describes him as six feet in height, with a powerful chest and shoulders, and gaunt frame. His hands and feet were large, and he walked with a rolling gate. His face, of a bilious, coffee-colored complexion, was deeply corrufiated with wrinkles and hollows, and his eyes, large deep-set, and wonderfully expressive. His hair was black, curly and luxuriant. He was generally attired in ill-fitting, slouching garments. He shrieked, raved, swung his fists, and distorted his body into unnatural contortions, and poured forth his arguments with startling force and velocity; but with the arrangement, detail and orator, utterly forgetful of himself in the abandon of the moment, his whole soul being thrown into the cause he had undertaken to present.

MORTALITY OF CITY AND COUNTRY.

Dr. James Stark's investigations and statistics of the relative mortality of town and rural districts in Scotland are published in the Edinburgh Medical Journal. Of the striking facts brought to light by Dr. Stark, the following appears to be among the most important: That were all the town children of Scotland reared in the country, at least eight thousand lives would be annually saved to the population; second, could the mortality of the towns be brought down to that of the mainland districts, upward of thirteen thousand lives would be thus saved to the population, and every individual living in the large towns would, on an average, live ten and a half years longer than he has any chance of doing at present. Still further, if from the rural districts were excluded the towns with populations varying from three thousand to ten thousand inhabitants, the mean age at death would have been about forty years instead of thirty-five, and could the mortality of the towns be brought down to that of the purely rural districts of the mainland, then the average life of the town population would be increased about fifteen years.

SCANDAL MONGERS.

Do you hear the scandal mongers
Passing by,
Breathing poison in a whisper,
In a sigh?
Moving cautiously and slow,
Smiling sweetly as they go,
Never noisy—gliding smoothly like a snake
Slipping here and slipping there,
Through the meadows fresh and fair
Leaving subtle poison in their wake.
Saw you not the scandal monger,
As she sat,
Beaming bright beneath the roses
In her hat?
In her dainty glove and dress,
Angel-like and nothing less
Seemed she—casting smiles and pleasing words.
Once she shrugged, and shook her head,
Raised her eyes and nothing said,
When you spoke of friends, and yet it left a doubt.
Did you hear the scandal monger
At the ball,
Through the music, rhythm, beauty,
Light and all?
Moving here and moving there,
With a whisper light as air.
Casting shadows on a sister-woman's fame—
Just a whisper, word or glance—
As she floated through the dance;
And the world is busy with a spotless name
You will find the scandal mongers
Every where;
Sometimes men, but often women,
Young and fair;
Yet their tongues drop foulest slime,
And they spend their leisure time
Casting mud on those who climb by worth and work.
Shun them, shun them as you go—
Shun them whether high or low;
They are the hideous serpents of the earth.

THE MISTAKE OF A LIFE-TIME.

A lover' quarrel! A few hasty words—a formal parting between two hearts that neither time nor distance could ever disunite—then, a lifetime of misery.

Edith May stood before me in her bridal dress. The whole world was to be made believe she was happy and heart whole. I knew better. I knew that no woman who had once loved Gilbert Ainslie could ever forget him—least of all, such a heart as Edith's.

She was pale as a snow wreath, and bent her head gracefully as a water lily in recognition of her numerous friends and admirers.

"What a sacrifice!" the latter murmured.

"What a sacrifice!" my heart echoed.

Mr. Jefferson Jones was an ossified old bachelor. He had but one idea in his head, and that was to make money. There was only one thing he understood equally well—and that was to keep it. He was angular, prime, cold and precise; mean, groveling, contemptible and cunning.

And Edith—our peerless Edith whose lovers were "legion"—Edith, with her passionate heart, her beauty, grace, taste and refinment—Edith to vow "love and honor" to such a soulless block!

It made me shudder to think of it. I felt as though his very gaze were profanation.

Well, the wedding was over, and she was duly installed mistress of Jefferson House.

She had fine dresses, fine furniture, a fine equipage, and the most stupid incumbrance in the shape of an old husband.

But Mr. Jefferson Jones was very proud of his bride, firstly, because she added to his importance; secondly, because he plumed himself not a little in bearing off so dainty a prize. It gave him a malicious pleasure to meet her old admirers, with the graceful Edith on his arm. Of course she preferred him to them all—else why did she marry him?

Then how deferential she was in her manner since their marriage; how very polite, and how careful to perform her duty to the letter! Mr. Jones decided, with his usual acumen, that there was no room to doubt on that point.

He noticed, indeed, that her girlish gayety was gone; but that was a decided improvement, according to his view. She was Mrs. Jones now, and meant to keep all whiskered popinjays at a respectful distance.

He liked it!

And so, though those interminable evenings, Edith sat, playing long games of chess with him, or listening to his gains or losses in the way of trade; or reading political articles of which the words conveyed no idea to her absent mind.

She walked through the busy streets, leaning on his arm, with an unseen form ever at her side; and slept next his heart, when hers was far away!

But when she was alone—no human eye to read her sad secret, her small hands clasped in agony, and her fair head bent to the very dust—was he not avenged.

* * * * * *

It was a driving storm. Mr. Jones resolved to dine at a tavern instead of returning home. He had just seated himself, and given his order to the obsequeous waiter, when his attention was attracted by the conversation of two gentlemen near him.

"Have you seen the beautiful Edith since her marriage, Harry?"

"No, I feel too much vexed with her. Such a splendid woman to marry such an idiot! All for a foolish quarrel with Ainslie. You never saw such a wreck as it has made of him. However, she is well punished; for, with all of her consummate tact and effort to keep up appearances, it is plain she is the most miserable woman in existence; as Mr. Jefferson Jones, whom I have never seen, might perceive, if he wasn't as all the world says, the very prince of donkeys."

Jones seized his hat and rushed into the open air. Six times he went, like a comet, round the square, then, settling his beaver down over his brow, in a very prophetic manner, he turned his footsteps deliberately homeward.

It was the deceitful calm before the whirlwind. He found Edith pale and self-possessed, as usual. He was quite as much so himself—even went so far as to compliment her on a coquettish little jacket that fitted her round figure very charmingly.

"I'm thinking of taking a short journey, Edith," said he, seating himself by her side, and playing with the silken cord and tassels about her waist. "As it is wholly a business trip, it would hamper me to take you with me; but you'll hear from me. Meanwhile, you know how to enjoy yourself—hey, Edith?"

He looked searchingly at her. There was no conscious blush, no change of expression, no termor of the frame. He might as well have addressed a marble statue.

Mr. Jefferson Jones was posed! Well, he bade her one of his characteristic adeaus; and when the door closed, Edith felt as if a weight had been lifted off her heart.

There was but one course for her to pursue. She knew it—she had already marked it out. She would deny herself to all visitors; she would not go abroad till her husband's return. She was strong in her purpose. There should be no door left open for busy scandal to enter.

Of Ainslie she knew nothing, save that a letter reached her from him after her marriage, which she had returned unopened. And so she wandered restlessly through those splendid rooms, and, tried by this self-inflicted penance, to atone for the defection of her heart. Did she take her guitar, old songs that they had sung together came unbidden to her lips; that book, too, they had read. Oh, it was all misery, turn where she would!

Day after day passed—no letter from Mr. Jones. The time had already passed that was fixed upon for his return, and Edith, nervous from close confinement, and the weary inward struggle, started like a frightened bird at every footfall.

It came at last—the letter—sealed with black. "He had been accidentally drowned. His hat was found; all search for the body had been unavailing."

Edith was no hypocrite. She could not mourn for him, save in the outward garb of woe.

Ainslie was just starting for the continent, by order of a physician, when the news reached him. A brief time he gave to decorum, and then they met.

It is needless to say what that meeting was. Days and months of wretchedness were forgotten, like some dreadful dream. She was again his own Edith, sorrowing, repentant and happy.

They were sitting together one evening—Edith's head was upon his shoulder, and her face radiant as a seraph's. They were speaking of their future home.

"Any spot on the wide earth but this, dear Ainslie. Take me away from these painful associations."

"Say you so, pretty Edith?" said a well known voice. "I but tried that faithful heart of yours to prove it. Pity to turn such a pretty comedy into a tragedy; but I happen to be manager here, young man!" said Mr. Jones turning fiercely toward the bewildered Ainslie.

The revulsion was too dreadful, and Edith survived but a week. Ainslie became hopelessly insane.

Two lives were thus sacrificed to the mistakes of a moment.

Both had in that brief space opened up the source of grief for life.

They would not hear and forbear when it was yet time, by kindly concession, to repair the breach irritation had made, and a brief word would have amended.

But passion had its way, and the grave only healed the wound caused by the unguarded utterances.

ONE-SIDED DEVELOPMENT.

The habit of using the right hand in preference to the left among those people whose monuments date from the remotest antiquity appears to be a universal fact, and this is accounted for by the anatomical mechanism of the human body. It is known that the right lung, liver lobe and limb exceed in size that of the left side, involving, of course, a greater amount of tissue structure and a larger supply of nerves and blood vessels for their nutrition. A person walking in a dense fog figures with his feet the segment of a circle, and, if he is right-handed, he takes a direction to the left, because the right leg naturally takes a longer stride. The left side of the brain is larger than the right, and, as it appears that the power of verbal articulation in the right handed is confined to a certain convolution on the left side, the conclusion is arrived at that, in speaking and thinking, the left side of the brain is used, this being the result of dextral education. The opinion has also been expressed by some medical writers that amnesia and aphasia in right-handed men indicate disease of the left brain, and that hammer-palsy and writer's cramp show the results of excessive working of the left brain.

IT is estimated that at least 11,000 people have left Savannah since the breaking out of the panic.

A TRAMP WHO HUNGERED AND THIRSTED FOR WORK.

A robust tramp called at a house for something to eat, averring that he had not tasted food for a week.

"Why don't you go to work?" asked the lady to whom he preferred his petition.

"Work!" he ejaculated. "Work And what have I been doing ever since the middle of May but hunting work? Who will give me work? When do I ever refuse work?"

"Well," said the woman, "I guess I can give you some employment. What can you do?"

"Anything!" he shouted, in a kind of delirious joy. "Anything that any man can do. I'm sick for something to fly at. Why, only yesterday I worked all day, carrying water in an old sieve from Flint river and emptying it into the Mississippi, just because I was so tired of having nothing to do, that I had to work at something or I would have gone ravin' crazy. I'll do anything, from cleaning house to building a steamboat. Jest give me work, ma'am, an' you'll never hear me ask for bread agin."

The lady was pleased at the willingness and anxiety of this industrious man to do something, and she led him to the wood pile.

"Here," she said, "you can saw and split this wood, and if you are a good, industrious worker, I will find work for you to do nearly all winter."

"Well, now," said the tramp, while a look of disappointment stole over his face, "that's just my luck. Only three days ago I was pullin' a blind cow out of a well for a poor widow woman who had nothin' in the world but that cow to support her, an' I spraint my right wrist till I hain't been able to lift a pound with it sinst. You kin jest put your hand on it now and feel it throb, it's so painful and inflamed. I could just cry of disappointment, but it's a Bible fact, ma'am, that I couldn't lift the axe above my head of I died fur it, and I'd jest as lief let you pull my arm out by the roots as to try to pull that saw through a lath. Jest set me at something I kin do, though, if you want to see the dust fly."

"Very well," said the lady, "then you can take these flower beds, which have been very much neglected, and weed them very carefully for me. You can do that with your well hand, but I want you to be very particular with them, and get them very clean, and not injure any of the plants, for they are all very choice and I am very proud of them."

The look of disappointment that had been chased away from the industrious man's face when he saw a prospect of something else to do came back deeper than ever as the lady described the new job, and when she concluded, he had to remain quiet for a moment before he could control his emotion sufficiently to speak:

"If I ain't the most unfortunate man in Ameriky," he sighed. "I'm jest dyin' for work, crazy to get somethin' to do, and I'm blocked out of work at every turn. I jest love to work among flowers and dig in the ground, but I never dassent do it, for I'm just blue ruin among the poisies. Nobody ever cared to teach me anythin' about flowers, and it's a gospel truth, ma'am, I can't tell a violet from a sunflower, nor a red rose from a dog fennel. Last place I tried to get work at, woman of the house set me to work weedin' the garden, and I worked about a couple of hours, monstrous glad to get work, now you bet; an' I pulled up every last livin' green thing in the yard. Hope I may die if I didn't. Pulled up all the grass, every blade of it. Fact. Pulled up a vine wuth seventy-five dollars, that had roots reachin cl'ar under the' cellar and into the cistern, and I yanked 'em right up, every fibre of 'em. Woman was so heart broke when she came out and see the yard just as bare as the floor of a brick yard that they had to put her to bed. Bible's truth, they did, ma'am; and I had to work for that house three months for nothin' and find my board to pay for damage I done. Hope to die ef I didn't. Jest gimme suthin' I kin do, I'll show you what work is, but I would'nt dare to go foolin' around no flowers. You've got a kind heart, ma'am, gimme some work; don't send a desparin' man away hungry for work."

"Well," the lady said, "you can beat my carpets for me. They have just been taken up, and you can beat them thoroughly, and by the time they are done I will have something else ready for you."

The man made a gesture of despair, and sat down on the ground the picture of abject helplessness and disappointed aspirations.

"Look at me now," he exclaimed. "What's goin' to become o' me? Did you ever see a man so down in luck like me? I tell you, ma'am, you must give me somethin' I can do. I wouldn't no more dare for to tech them carpets than nothin' in the world. I'd tear 'em to pieces. I'm an awful hard hitter, an' the last time I beat any carpets was for a woman out at Creston, and I just welted them carpets into strings and carpetrags. I couldn't help it. I cant hold in my strength. I'm so glad to get to work, that's the trouble with me, ma'am, it's a Bible fact. I'll beat them carpets if you say so, but I won't be responsible for 'em; no makin' me work for nothin' for five or six weeks to pay for tearin' 'em into slits, yer know. I'll go at 'em if you'll say the word and take the responsibility, but the fact is I'm too hard a worker to go foolin' around carpets, that's just what I am."

The lady excused the energetic worker from going at the carpets, but was puzzled what to set him at. Finally she asked him what there was he would like to do and could do with safety to himself and the work?

"Well, now," he said, "that's considerit in ye. That's real considerit, and I'll take a hold and do somethin' that'll give the wuth of yer money, and won't give me no chance to destroy nothin' by workin' too hard. If ye'll jest kindly fetch me out a rockin' chair, I'll set down in the shade and keep the cows from liftin' the latch of the front gate and gettin' into the yard. An' I'll do it well and only charge you reasonable for it; fur the fact is I'm so dead crazy for work that it isn't big pay I want so much as a steady job."

And when he was rejected and sent forth, jobless and breakfastless, to wander up and down the cold, unfeeling world in search of work, he cast stones at the house, and said, in dejected tones:

"There now, that's just the way. They call us a bad lot, and say we're lazy, and thieves, and won't work, when a fellow is just crazy to work, and nobody won't give him nary job that he kin do. Won't work! Land alive! They won't give us work; and when we want to, an' try to, they won't let us work. There ain't a man in Ameriky that 'ud work as hard an' as stiddy as I would if they'd gin me a chance.—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

SOUTHERN NEWS.

ARKANSAS has a nominal indebtedness of $19,000,000.

A SPANISH vessel brought yellow fever to Savannah.

OUT-DOOR religious meetings are being held in Columbus, Ga.

THE first new crop of Carolina rice has already reached New York.

THE cultivation of tobacco in Arkansas is receiving attention.

THERE is some complaint of grasshoppers in east Tennessee.

TEXAS boasts of having nine railroads in process of construction.

THE employers have yielded to the demands of the striking New Orleans coopers.

NUMBERS of Georgia negroes who emigrated west are on their way back to their old homes.

ALL the cities and towns around Savannah are quarantined to prevent the spread of yellow fever.

YE drummer, book agent, lightning-rod peddler and insurance agent findeth business dull in the south.

BISHOP MARVIN, of the Methodist church south, is about to sail for China and Japan to look after the missionary work.

GEORGE FAVOR, colored, under sentence of death, escaped from the Newman (Ga.) jail on Wednesday last.

EX-GOVERNOR JOHN C. BROWN, of Tennessee, has been re-elected vice-president of the Texas Pacific railroad.

A BOILER exploded at Marietta, Ga., Tuesday, killing two negroes and wounding another so that he died.

GEN. PENNYPACKER has been ordered to the department of the gulf, and will make headquarters at Mt. Vernon, near Mobile.

INDICATIONS of silver have been discovered fifty feet under ground by a company operating near Marysville, Tenn.

A WILD horse, bearing the dead body of a man securely strapped to his back, dashed into Waco, Texas, a few days ago.

THEY are changing things in the south. A firm in Tennessee, a few days ago shipped a thousand bags of corn to Illinois.

IT is generally believed that southern girls at the various watering places this season dress very plainly, and are not demonstrative in any way.

MRS. CLEMENTS, of Atlanta, reproved her hired girl for washing potatoes in the washtub, and the hired girl reproved Mrs. Clements by setting fire to the house.

A FLORIDA man made $4,500 this year by getting three hundred bushels of cucumbers into the New York market before the season at which they are generally offered.

THE Hon. Alexander H. Stephens has so far recovered his health that he is ablo to appear in public, and is announced to make some speeches for Tilden and Hendricks.

AN old citizen who has resided in South America, says that the young ladies of New Grenada, have beautiful complexions from eating alligator steaks.

WHENEVER anything of sufficient weight falls in the south it is sure to kill a colonel or a general. A bucket dropped in a Macon, Ga., well, without malice pretense, and killed general Hangabook.

WM. GOUGHER, living in Gibson county, Tennesse, drank sixteen glasses of cider at one sitting, and then the friends who followed William's remains to their last resting place sighed-er deep sigh.

A NEGRO was found dead in a well in Bibb county, Ga., a few days ago, and the editor of the local paper advances the plausible theory that he either fell in or was thrown in.

A SOUTH CAROLINA murderer, at his execution the other day, confessed that he killed his victim for money, but found on him only fifteen cents, which he divided with a confederate.

THREE HUNDRED good cooks and five hundred house girls, all English servants, visiting the centennial exhibition, have been induced to go to Richmond, Va., where employment was guaranteed them.

REV. MR. ENGLAND, his step-son and daughter, were murdered in their house on Denton creek, Montague county, Texas, on Saturday last. Mrs. England was also shot and mortally wounded.

THE Rural Southerner says, notwithstanding the past year has been one of depreciation and disaster, the Graniteville cotton factory has been run on time, and added new looms and produced 126,793 yards more of cloth than the preceeding year. The entire production was 10,663,293 yards, consuming 8,347 commercial bales of cotton—cost 13 48-100 cents a pound. The profit from the sale of goods for the year amounted to $74,499, from which a dividend of ten per cent. on the capital stock of $600,000 was paid. The company also purchased a valuable mill privilege near the present mills, erected gas works and new operative houses, and maintained the high condition of the entire property.

FLORIDA SEA-COWS.

The manatees or sea-cows, which were shipped from Florida to New York, last week, belonged to a Mr. Estis, one of the oldest settlers on the Indian river, who, with the assistance of two or three others had caught them and was seeking a market for their sale, having chartered a schooner for that purpose as far as this city. The manatus is evidently a near relative of the seal family, resembling it in general appearance very closely, although growing to an enormous size, approximating in the largest specimens, nearly or quite a ton in weight. It lives wholly in the waters, feeding exclusively on what is known as manatee grass, which grows under water and is abundant in the Indian river, near the mouth of the St. Lucie aud St. Sebastian, where large droves of these animals are occasionally seen. They pass in and out of the ocean at the inlet at Capron, and occasionally one is killed. A few years since one was captured alive and sold for $1,200, for a New York show, and a schooner chartered to take it there at a cost of about $600; but it died on the passage. One killed by Mr. Payne last summer was skeletonized and shipped to the Smithsonian institute, which paid $50 for the skeleton. The bones are remarkably hard and fine, being used as a substitute for ivory in the manufacture of billiard balls, and for many other purposes. Mr. Estis, at an expense of nearly one hundred dollars, manufactured very large and strong nets and placed them at the mouth of the St. Lucie river, and was rewarded by obtaining the specimens now in his possession which are a great curiosity, few persons having seen them. Of course no regular price attaches to them, and their value for show purposes is much lessened by the danger of their disease, which is very great when removed from their native haunts. The region of Indian river where these animals came from has furnished very many rare specimens for the naturalist, some of which may be found in the cabinet collections of various institutions in the country. Among them saw-fish, which measure fifteen feet in length, with a saw of six feet; alligators sixteen to twenty feet, and fish of mammoth size, and rare birds of various kinds and many visitors from the north make a specialty of camping there for a time in the winter season to fish and hunt and get fat on oysters and hominy. In the summer season sand-flies and mosquitos abound too much for comfort or pleasure.

LIFE IN TENTS.

The London Telegraph says: It is a pity, with the thermometer at ninety degrees in the shade, that life in tents should not be more general than it is among those whose means and leisure enables them to secure its advantages. No donbt the practice has grown within the last few years. None who are familiar with the Thames can fail to have observed amidst its quiet, beautiful reaches dainty little tabernacles of snowy canvas stretched upon many a green spot along the banks. About them and in their neighborhood is every sign of comfort. The well-appointed boat rides at her painter a few yards off, complete and finished, from the white rudder lines to the dainty little fenders that keep her varnish from the rough touch of the lock side. Without the fairy-like dwellings are spread, under the shade of overhanging boughs, comfortable mattresses each resting upon a waterproopf sheet, which effectually prevents the absorption of moisture from the ground. Suspended from a tripod, over a fire of turf and sticks, the kettle sings a cheerful invitation to evening tea, while bottles of mineral water and still hock are left cooling in the stream. Camping has, in short, become a recognized institution. All who have enjoyed its pleasures know how comfortable it is, and what fresh life of a week under canvas seems alwayst o impart.

SLUMBERING PLANTS.

It is well known that plants sleep at night; but their hours of sleeping are a matter of habit, and may be disturbed artificially, just as a cock may be waked up to crow at untimely hours by the light of a lantern. A French chemist subjected a sensitive plant to an exceedingly trying course of discipline, by completely changing its hours—exposing it to a bright light at night, so as to prevent sleep, and putting it in a dark room during the day. The plant appeared to be much puzzled and disturbed at first. It opened and closed its leaves irregularly, sometimes nodding, in spite of the artificial sun that shed its beams at midnight, and sometimes waking up, from the force of habit, to find the chamber dark in spite of the time of day. Such are the trammels of use and wont. But after an obvious struggle, the plant submitted to the change, and turned day into night, without any apparent ill effect.

..A Welsh judge, notorious for his greed of office and his want of personal cleanliness, was once complaining of being neglected. "My dear sir," said Jekyll, in his most amiable tones, "you have asked the minister for almost everything else, why don't you ask him for a piece of soap and a nail-brush?"

GRAVE AND GAY.

.."Did she not return your love'," inquired a sympathizing friend of a young man who intimated that he had had some difficulty with his sweetheart. "Yes, she returned it, and that is exactly what the trouble is. She said she didn't want it."

..The government has ordered that no more guns or ammunition shall be sold in the Indian country. This order is issued probably because "peace commissioner Sitting Bull sent in word that his command was now fully armed," and he had no storage-room or transportation for any more cartridges.

..This is a policeman's story: A good, pious man, who limps slightly, happened to be out late, up town, the other night when a hilarious young chap, with an unlighted cigar stump, stopped him and asked for a match. "I don't carry matches; I never smoke," replied the good man, indignantly. "B-b but, you know, you want to get in easy, old fellow, to-night, and you ought to have one for the k k-key-hole," said the wayward youth. At this point the policeman interfered, and the matches man moved on.

..A hater of tobacco asked an old negro woman, the fumes of whose pipe were annoying to him, if she thought she was a christian. "Yes, brudder, I 'spects I is." "Do you believe in the bible?" "Yes, brudder." "Do you know there is a passage in the scripture which says that nothing unclean shall enter the kingdom of heaven?" "Yes, I've heard of it." "Well, Chloe! you smoke, and you can not enter into the kingdom of heaven, because there is nothing so unclean as the breath of a smoker. What do you say to that?" "Why, I 'spects to leave my breff behind me when I go dar!"

..A Scotch minister thus discoursed on the carelessness of his flock: "Brethren, when you leave the church, just look down at the duke's swans; they are very bonny swans, an' they'll be coming about an' aye dooking doon their heads an' laving theirselves wi' the clear water till they are a' sleekit; then you'll see them cooming to the shore, an' they will gie their wings a bit flap an' they're dry again. Now, my friends, you come here every Sabbath, an' I lave you a' ower wi' the gospel till ye're fairly dookit wi' it. But you just gang awa' hame, an' sit doon by your fireside, gie your wings a bit flap, an' ye're as dry as ever again."

THE POOR INFANTS.

The following report of the sanitary committee on the prevailing disease of infants contained such seasonable advice that the board of health of New York ordered 20,000 copies published and distributed:

"Never neglect looseness of the bowels in an infant. Consult the family or dispensary physician at once, and he will give you rules about what it should take and how it should be nursed. Keep your rooms as cool as possible, have them well ventilated, and do not allow any bad smells to come from sinks, garbage boxes, gutters, etc., about the house where you live. See to your own part being right, and complain to the board of health, if the neighbors' houses are offensive. When an infant is cross and irritable in the hot weather, a trip on the water will do it a great deal of good, and may prevent cholera infantum. Do not allow your children to eat unripe or dried fruit. An infant under a year old should not have any fruit except by a physician's orders. In very hot weather dress your children in thin clothing, and bathe them with cold water one, two, or more times a day.

"Children under ten months to a year do not need anything but the breast or good milk. Cow's milk, when pure, is made like mothers' milk by adding one-third water to two thirds milk and wrrming to blood heat, and a little over one and a quarter ounces of white sugar to a pint of the mixture; but in the city a good deal of the milk has plenty of water and too little cream. If you do not nurse the child, see that the nursing bottle tube and mouthpiece are kept in clean water when not used. The addition of a little soda will keep them from turning sour. If the baby does not thrive well on cow's milk, consult a physician."

GERMINANION FROM SEED TWO THOUSAND YEARS OLD.

London Examinor.

A most interesting observation, referring to the power of germination in seed when it is hundreds and even thousands of years old, is said to have been made by Prof. Hendreich in Greece. In the silver mines of Laurium, only the slags left by the ancient Greeks are at present worked off, in order to gain, after an improved modern method, silver still left in that dress. This refuse ore is probably about two thousand years old. Among it, the seed of a species of glaucium or poppy was found, which had slept in the darkness at the earth during all that time. After a little while, when the slags were brought up and worked off at the melting ovens, there suddenly arose a crop of glaucium plants, with a beautiful yellow flower, of a kind unknown in modern botany, but which is described by Pliny and others as a frequent flower in ancien Greece.

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1876.

National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT.

Samuel J. Tilden,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Thomas A. Hendricks,

OF INDIANA.

ELECTORS FOR STATE AT LARGE.

DANIEL G. FOWLE, of Wake.
JAMES M. LEACH, of Davidson.

ELECTORS.

1ST DISTRICT—LEWIS C. LATHAM.
2D " JOHN F. WOOTEN.
3D " JOHN D. STANFORD.
4TH " F. H. BUSBEE,
5TH " F. C. ROBBINS,
6TH " R. P. WARING.
7TH " W. B. GLENN.
8TH " A. C. AVERY.

State Ticket.

GOVERNOR.
ZEBULON B. VANCE,
OF MECKLENBURG.

LIEUT. GOVERNOR.
THOMAS J. JARVIS,
OF PITT.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.
THOMAS S. KENAN,
OF WILSON.

SECRETARY OF STATE.
JOSEPH A. ENGLEHARD,
OF NEW HANOVER.

TREASURER.
JAMES M. WORTH,
OF RANDOLPH.

AUDITOR.
SAMUEL L. LOVE,
OF HAYWOOD.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.
JAS. C. SCARBOROUGH,
OF JOHNSON.

FOR CONGRESS.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.
ROBERT B. VANCE,
OF BUNCOMBE.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.
WILLIAM M. ROBBINS,
OF IREDELL.

SIXTH DISTRICT.
WALTER L. STEELE,
OF RICHMOND.

FIETH DISTRICT.
ALFRED M. SCALES,
OF GUILFORD.

FOURTH DISTRICT.
JOSEPH J. DAVIS,
OF FRANKLIN.

THIRD DISTRICT.
ALFRED M. WADDELL,
OF NEW HANOVER.

FIRST DISTRICT.
JESSE J. YEATES,
OF HERTFORD.

THE SPEAKING at the Court-house on Saturday was well attended. Judge Fowle addressed the people with his usual success, moving many of the staid old citizens to tears by his eloquent appeals to come and rescue the government from the hand of the despoiler. Judge Fowle is an orator in every sense of the word, electrifying his audience with his chaste, beautiful and pointed language. This speechhad a telling effect and aroused every Conservative to do his duty in November next.

Judge RUSSELL'S address fell like a wet cloth on the audience after the splendid effort of his competitor, and you could read disappointment plainly expressed on the faces of the crestfallen Radicals.

THE CONSERVATIVE DEMOCRATIC MEETING at Brown's Warehouse on Saturday evening, was an enthusiastic rally. Capt. Jarvis made a telling speech, which was well received.—The enthusiasm was red hot, and we feel assured that the campaign will enlist many in the working and voting class, who formerly stood aloof and looked on in a careless manner.—The Salem Cornet Band gave some good music.

The Reds met in the Court-house at night and were entertained by Judge Russell and Maj. Wm. A. Smith.

The Democrats of New York have nominated Hon. Lucius Robinson, the present popular State Comptroler, as their Candidate for Governor, making the ticket complete, and fully in accord with the great national reform movement.

WASHINGTON, AUG. 31.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has issued an order fixing the product to be required from each and every bushel of grain used at sixteen quarts when the fermenting period is 48 hours, and at fifteen quarts when it is 72 hours.

DEATH OF ROBERT BARNWELL RHETT SR.—A dispatch from New Orleans, under date of the 14th, announces the death of Robert Barnwell Rhett, Sr., which took place in St. James parish, La., at the advanced age of seventy-five years.

KILLED BY CANNIBALS.—Two ships were recently seized by South Sea Islanders, and the crews murdered and eaten.

We have received the very attractive premium list of the Sixth Annual Fair of the Western North Carolina Agricultural and Mechanical Fair Association to be held at Salisbury on the 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th of October.

A NECESSITY,—The *war-cry* is a necessity with the Radical leaders of the Republican party. Hence the flaunting of the bloody shirt and the blood and thunder policy pursued, and the concerted and persistent effort to misrepresent the South and keep alive the estrangement between the sections,

The trouble in the South among the colored people and between the races, is justly attributable to *bad* white men, carpet-baggers and natives.

In Savannah, on the 18th, 20 deaths from yellow fever.

FOREIGN NEWS, not much interest. The peace conditions have not yet been concluded.

The political outlook is indeed cheering for the Conservative party. Old party lines are being ignored, and Democrats, Old Whigs, and Republicans, are now found in the great CONSERVATIVE PARTY, battling manfully for Retrenchment and Reform in the administration of gouernment affairs.

THE SAME SHOP WITH A NEW SIGN.—That the nomination of Hayes means but another name for Grantism becomes daily more apparent. Hayes means the same old Grant shop with a new sign.

T. R. PURNELL, Esq., is one of the nominees for the House of Commons, in Wake county.

MAINE AND VERMONT.—The Radical papers herald the result of the recent elections in Vermont and Maine with a considerable flourish, in order to keep the courage of their people up.

The truth is, there is a considerable falling off in the Republican majorities in those States.

In Vermont the Republican majority foots up 2,000 less than in 1872; and Maine, which usually gives a majority of about 18,000, this year has a majority of 12,000. The relative Democratic gains in those States are much greater than the Republican.

The Conservatives did not expect to carry those States, and do not count them on their side for November.

On Saturday last there were 91,891 pay admissions to the Centennial grounds.

SAVANNAH.—Total interments on the 16th, 28; yellow fever 21.

Do You?

The *Ansonian* puts these pertinent queries:—

Do you want to reduce your taxes?

Vote for the Amendments.

Do you want separate schools for the white and colored children in your State?

Vote for the Amendments.

Do you want to save $12,500 per annum to the State?

Vote for the Amendments reducing the number of Judges.

Would you have saved from $50,000 to $100,000 per annum in the Legislative expenses?

Vote for the Amendment restricting the session to sixty days and the per diem of the members to four dollars.

If you want good, economical government in North Carolina vote for all the Amendments.

Mrs. H. P. R. Caldwell, the mother of the late Gov. Tod R. Caldwell, died last Tuesday at her residence in Burke county about ten miles from Morganton, in the eighty-first year of her age.

What the Republican Party Favors.

The *Courier-Journal* notices some points that should be republished by Democratic and independent papers generally:

William A. Wheeler, Republican candidate for Vice-President, is in favor of remanding the South to military rule.

Stanley Matthews, brother-in-law to Rutherford B. Hayes, Radical nominee for Congress, is in for enveloping the Southern States in martial law.

Rutherford B. Hayes is for keeping a standing army in the South until every Southern State votes the Republican ticket.

The *Courier-Journal* asks: "Wherefore?" and thus answers the question:

"That the Republican party may continue to rule the country at a cost of eight hundred millions of dollars, and that the Republican leaders may be protected from the yawning doors of fifty penitentiaries."

Hazing a Newly Married Pair.

The Providence *Journal* publishes the following account of how a newly married pair was hazed:

"John H. Doches of Charleston. S. C., (mulatto,) was married in Newport, R. I., Monday evening, to Jeanette Burbridge (white,) daughter of one of the business men of that city. The marriage was performed by the pastor of the Union Congregational (colored) Church. As it was generally understood that the wedding was to take place, a large and boisterous crowd of men, women and children congregated about the house and made night hideous. They threw stones at the house, broke windows, and used the most insulting language, the women being the most demonstrative. The police were summoned, but to no purpose. Tar barrels were burned, and the wedding was delayed in consequence of the mob.

The Destroyer in Colerado.

The grasshoppers came last week in numbers that were wonderful. At times the swarm was so thick over head that there was a perceptible difference in the heat and brightness of the sun's rays, and here and there was so deep as to resemble clouds of smoke. They did not fly far before they came down, and in such numbers as to make travel disagreeable. At evening the fences and trees and sides of houses were literally covered with them. Some of the tranks of trees were absolutely invisible, so close did the grasshoppers sit together. At sunrise they were again at their work of devastation. The damage to garden truck is incalculable and awful.—*Colerado Banner, Aug.* 18.

Gov. Tilden's Defence—His Reply to the Charges of Perjury in 1862.

The long expected defence of Gov. Tilden in the fraudulent income return allegations is nearly completed, and will probably be given in full for publication within a few days. Much speculation has been indulged in as to its nature, both parties regarding it of vital importance in foreshadowing the result on election day; but the Gov. has wisely kept his own counsel and speculation alone has hitherty revealed the secret. The *Herald*, however is authorized to announce, on information not wholly unconnected with the Republican party, but deemed, nevertheless, entirely authentic, that the following is the line of defence advanced by Gov. Tilden:

"In 1861, the period of the alleged false returns, his two brothers, Henry and Moses, lately deceased, were in the chemical manufacturing business in Lebanon, but financially embarrassed to such a degree that ruin was inevitable unless prompt and ample relief came to hand.

In this crisis Gov. Tilden advanced at different dates large sums of money amounting to several hundred thousands dollars out of his earnings, all or nearly all of which was lost.—This, he claims, left his income at the figure given in his sworn statement, and this is the defence to the charge of perjury. The document, when published will, of course, be more voluminous, but it is believed that the essential points are embraced above.—N. Y. *Herald.*

SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION.

Instructions of the Attorney General to U. S. Marshals.

ADDRESS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE.

ROOMS STATE DEM. CON. COM.. }
RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 9, 1876. }

To the Voters of North Carolina:

A special term of the circuit court of the United States for the eastern district of North Carolina is ordered to be held in this city on the 20th of September for the appointment of supervisors of registration and election, and a similar order has or will be promulgated, we presume, for the western district.

Our elections have hitherto been held under the supervision of our State authorities, interference of the federal government being unknown. As this movement is liable to be misapprehended by many of our people we deem it not inappropriate to issue this address in order that you may the more readily comprehend the object and intent of the proceeding.

In 1871 a statute law was passed by the congress of the United States, which provides, among other things, that on the petition of ten citizens of good standing in any county in any congressional district, the judge of the circuit court shall open the court and proceed to appoint and commission two citizens, who shall be of different political parties, for each voting precinct, who shall be known and designated as supervisors of election; and these supervisors shall be able to read and write the English language, and they shall attend at all times and places of registration and challenge any doubtful person offering to register, and take steps to prevent improper or wrongful changes of the registration list. The supervisors are also authorized to attend elections, challenge illegal or doubtful voters and see the votes counted and returns made.

In pursuance of the provisions of the above law, under which Judge Bond is also acting, the attorney general has issued a circular letter of instructions to U. S. marshals, in which he says:

"In elections at which members of the House of Representatives are chosen, which by law include also elections at which the electors for President and Vice President are appointed, the United States secures voters against whatever in general hinders or prevents them from a free exercise of the elective franchise, extending that care alike to the registration lists, the act of voting and the personal freedom and security of the voter, at all times, as well as against violence on account of any vote that he may intend to give, as against conspiracy because of any that he may already have given.

"The peace of the United States, therefore, which you are to preserve and whose violation you are to suppress, protects, among other things, the rights specified in the last paragraph, and any person who by force violates those rights breaks that peace, and renders it your duty to arrest him and suppress any riots incident or that threaten the integrity of the registration or election, to the end that the will of the people in such election may be ascertained, and take effect, and that offenders may be brought before the courts for punishment."

The U. S. marshals are authorized to appoint as many deputy marshals as may be required to carry out the provisions of the law, and the Attorney General further says:

"In this connection I advise that you and each of your deputies, general and 'special,' have a right to summon to your assistance in preventing and quelling disorder, every person in the district above fifteen years of age, whatever may be the occupation, whether civilian or not, and including the military of all denominations—militia, soldiers, marines—all of whom are alike bound to obey you. The fact that they are organized as military bodies, whether of the State or of the United States, under the immediate command of their own officers, does in anywise effect their legal character—They are still the *posse comitatus.*"

In this connection the general of the army has issued the following order to such troops as may be called on to assist in quelling any disturbance that may arise:

"Officers commanding troops summoned to aid marshals or sheriffs, must judge for themselves whether the service is lawful or necessary, and compatible with their ordinary military duties. They must limit action absolutely to proper aid in execution of the lawful process exhibited by the marshal or sheriff. If time permits, every demand should be forwarded to the President for his orders, and in all cases the highest officer whose orders can be given in time to meet the emergency, will alone assume the responsibility of action."

The clearness and precision with which the duties and responsibilities of the military are defined are entitled to the highest consideration. It is to be regretted that the Attorney General in his instructions to his marshals, who are clothed with such extraordinary and even dangerous powers, did not manifest that same respect for civil liberty which is shown by the distinguished soldier.

The people of North Carolina are not less proverbial for their love of liberty than their respect for law and order, and in the exciting contest of 1874 not even a simple affray is known to have occurred on the day of election within the borders of our State. Most of our people were doubtless not aware of the existence of such a law upon the statute books. Yet they have nothing to apprehend from its faithful execution. On the contrary if it will but tend to relieve the minds of our friends at the North, of this misapprehension as to the justness of the returns of the election, we anticipate the most favorable results. Each freeman should therefore be stimulated anew to make the majority in favor of reform and reconciliation so decided as hereafter to dispense with such perfunctionary and obnoxious interference.

The Conservative voters, constituting the law and order party of the State, have not the slightest cause to apprehend any inconvenience from a faithful execution of the federal election laws, and when it is understood we are confident they will not only yield a ready obedience, but accept the action of the government authorities as not merely an assurance of peace and protection at every polling place but a guarantee of a fair election.

Those colored people who have desired to vote the Democratic ticket but who are and have uniformly been deterered by the proscription and intimidation of the masses of their race, who were and are incited by unscrupulous leaders, should especially welcome the action that has been taken by the government authorities. They can now attend the polls and vote the tickel of their choice without the fear of molestation either "on account of any vote they may intend to give," or "because of any they may already have given."

In conclusion we may add, it is not our purpose to criticise the circular letter emanating from what of late has become the political department of the administration, nor to discuss the law under which the Attorney General assumes to act, however much it may contravene the principles of local sef-government. We accept the profession of good faith made by the officers of the government and even of those whose groundless fears may have made them the unsuspecting dupes of the more designing partisans. We trust that our people by their faithful and even cheerful acquiescence in this entirely gratuitous and unnecessary proceeding will not only disappoint the machinations of our adversaries, but give additional assurances of the character which North Carolinians have ever sustained for order, love of liberty and good government.

His Honor, Hugh L. Bond, having signified his purpose to request that the chairmen of the two State committees recommend the respective members of their parties who shall be appointed as supervisors of election I respectfully call upon the chairman of the Democratic Conservative committees in all the counties of the State to forward to these headquarters at once lists of the names of good men from every voting precinct, properly vouched for to fill the position of supervisors.

Very respectfully,
WM. R. COX, Chairman.

More Trouble in South Carolina.

AUGUSTA, GA., Sept. 18th.—Mrs. Alonzo Harley, who lives near Silverton, Aiken county, S. C., was assaulted at her house last Friday by two negro men. She was knocked down two or shree times.—Her screams and those of her boy alarmed the negroes, who fled, one of whom was arrested and shot. The other negro escaped and his arrest was resisted by a large crowd of armed negroes. A skirmish ensued, during which one white man is reported wounded and six negroes killed.

The railroad track at Jack's station was torn up, and the negroes had possession of the road.

FIGHT WITH INDIANS.—Since General Crook's column turned South, towards the Black Hills, on the 5th inst., there has been considerable hardship to encounter. A portion of the pack train having been sent ahead, discovered and surprised a hostile Sioux village of 41 lodges and several hundred ponies. Owing to Colonel Miles' small force he only succeeded in securing the lodges and property therein, about 140 ponies, an immense quantity of dried meats, &c., all that Crook's whole pack train could carry. There were wagon loads of robes and savage spoils of all kinds. The village was thoroughly ransacked and the spoils divided round. Col. Miles and his men got the ponies. Much ammunition and many guns were found in the lodges, all showing that the Indians were prepared for winter. There were probably 1,000 warriors connected with the village, ahd their Chief is Roman Nose, formerly of the Cheyenne agency.

Nothing official has been received in Washington regarding the Indian fight.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—The fast mail train, on the Richmond & Danville Rail road, was thrown from the track by a broken rail near Brown's Summit Station, on Tuesday morning, the 12th inst. The engine and tender remained on the track, and it is thought broke the rail in passing over it. All of the cars were thrown from the track and down the embankment some thirty or forty feet, except the last sleeping car which had one truck remain, which prevented this car from sharing the same fate of the others. Over 150 passengers were on the train, among them many ladies and a few children on their way to visit the Centennial Exhibition in Philadelphia. It really seems a miracle that no one was killed, and so few (some twenty) wounded.

STORMS.—On the 17th heavy rain storm in Richmond during the greater portion of the day.

The storm was also severe on the coast. At Norfolk some three or four vessels met with disaster. At Morehead City it is said there never was so severe a storm; small wooden buildings and fences were blown down, trees uprooted and nearly every building in the place more or less injured.

The Raleigh *News* says: "At Beaufort, the lower floor of the Atlantic Hotel was under water; the ball room, kitchen and dining room were all destroyed, with all of the piazzas. There is nothing left but the main building, and that is injured. There is not a wharf left in the place. Several schooners were carried where you can now drive and walk around them at even the highest tides. One schooner went into the ball-room of the Atlantic Hotel. Mrs. L. A. Willis' drug store was moved six inches or more, but no damage was done to it.—One store had the top caved in by a schooner, and one was totally destroyed. The large Government wharf at Fort Macon met with the same fate as those at Beaufort and Morehead City, and the ocean came across at one time near the hospital at the Fort, but the change of wind saved the site."

Magazine Notices.

SCRIBNER, for October, closes the 12th volume of this magnificent monthly. The article on "Salmon Fishing" is interesting and illustrated in a most excellent manner. "The Man who lost his name" is a singular story. "That Lass O'Lourie's is a good tale. The whole table of contents presents a variety suitable for all tastes.

The November number commences a new year, and will contain the first chapters of a new novel by Dr. Holland entitled "Nicholas Misteris." "Field and Water Sports" will also be a prominent feature in the Fall and Winter numbers. "Twelve Hours with the Microscope," and "Sketches of Foreign Travel," will make a brilliant part of the contents for fireside reading. SCRIBNER & CO., New York—$4 a year. Specimens at the Bookstore.

ST. NICHOLAS closes its 3rd volume with one of the most artistically beautiful and interesting numbers of the year. The articles on "Windsor Castle," "Morning Star," "A Colorado Woman's Museum," and the closing chapters of the "Boy Emigrants" are alone worth the subscription price of $3 a year. Specimens at the Bookstore.

Don't Purchase
YOUR GOODS
Until You Examine
PATTERSON & CO'S
SPLENDID STOCK.

WE PROPOSE

"TO FILL THE BILL"

For all articles needed in this country, and to sell at

UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES!

We shall receive invoices of new goods every week during the Fall season, and will be prepared to supply

Wholesale & Retail Customers.

We invite a visit from every one wishing to purchase the best articles for the least money.

PATTERSON & CO.

Salem, N. C., July 15, 1876.

IMPRROVE YOUR HOMES.
ORNAMENTAL PLANTS
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION.

During the Spring months, attention should be given to the decoration of Home Grounds.

Kelvyn Nursery, at Pittsboro, N. C., offers a very full and varid stock of EVERGREENS, ROSES, FLOWERING SHRUBS, ORNAMENTAL SHADE AND LAWN TREES, BORDER PERENNIALS, and the most select varieties of FLOWER SEEDS and BULBS.

We send the following collections:

20 Packets Flower Seeds,	(per mail)	$ 1 00
3 Roses,	"	1 00
10 Bedding Plants.	"	1 00
12 Evergreens,	"	5 00
6 Flowering Shrubs,	"	1 00

Plans for Improvement made in full, Greenhouse and Hothouse Plants, in prompt supply, at low rates.

Mr. JOHN H. SHULTZ is the authorized Agent for Salem, and will deliver any orders. Address for catalogues, C. B. DENSON, Pittsboro, N. C.

We offer all the rare evergreens suited to our climate, in every variety of size and style. References given in all portions of the State.

March 2nd, 1876.—No. 9.

THE PEOPLE WANT PROOF.

There is no medicine prescribed by physicians, or sold by Druggists, that carries such evidence of its success and superior virtue as BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP for severe Coughs, Colds settled on the Breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs. A proof of that fact is that any person afflicted, can get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try its superior effect before buying the regular size at 75 cents. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing every one that use it. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it.—Sold by DR. V. O. THOMPSON, Druggist, March 30, 1876. Winston, N. C

ELEGANT DISPLAY!
NEW AND ATTRACTIVE GOODS
—AT—
W. T. VOGLER'S
JEWELRY STORE,
SALEM, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED and receiving the largest and best selected stock of

Watches, Clocks,
Jewelry, Spectacles,
Walking Canes,
Musical Boxes,
SILVER PLATED WARE,
Fine Cutlery, Thermometers.
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

ever brought to this place since the war. They are just the thing for

BIRTHDAY GIFTS.

Mr. Vogler respectfully invites his numerous friends and customers to examine his large and well selected stock, feeling assured that they can find all they want in his line at very reasonable figures.

HAIR JEWELRY,
OF ALL KINDS AND DESCRIPTIONS, MADE TO ORDER.

REPAIRING

of every description, in my line of business, neatly and promptly executed.

MARBLE GRAVE STONES, of all sizes and styles, made to order, and at reduced prices.
Salem, N. C., Nov. 25, 1875.

S. E. ALLEN,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

AND

HOUSE FURNISHIG GOODS.

HEAD QUARTERS FOR

Iron,
Nails,
Stoves,
Window Glass,
Sash,
Blinds and Doors,

OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE

WINSTON, N. C.

HAS ALSO A FULL LINE OF

ACORN COOKING

AND

HEATING STOVES.

GET THE BEST

ACORN WOOD COOK

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HEATER.

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SEATON GALES, Secretary. PLASKI COWPER Supervisor

NORTH CAROLINA
HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,
RALEIGH, N. C.

INSURES ALL CLASSES OF

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AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,

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☞ Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid. ☜
☞ Encourage Home Institutions. ☜

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J. A. LINEBACK, Agent, at Salem, N

FIRST CLASS NOTION AND VARIETY STORE
J. BLICKENDERFER,
South Side Public Square, Salem, N. C.

ALWAYS ALERT

TO PROCURE FOR HIS CUSTOMERS ALL THE ADVANTAGES

GOOD BUYING

Can give them, has enabled him to offer to the Public a

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF GOODS.

A NEW LINE OF ARTICLES RARE, RICH AND TASTY, consisting of

China, Glass, Lava and Parian Ware,

FANCY GOODS, FANCY BOXES, AND LADIES' WORK BOXES, &c.
Very beautiful and suited for Presents.

☞ New Styles of Goods received every few days.

Salem, N. C. June 15, 1875.

J. BLICKENDERFER.
SOUTH SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE.

NEW PAPETERIES
AT BLUM'S.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Interest charged on all accounts, after thirty days.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

POST OFFICE DIRECTORY.

Salem, N. C., Post Office Arrangements.—Office hours from 7 o'clock, a. m., to 6, p. m., during the week, and from 7 to 8, a. m., on Sunday.

TIME OF ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

RAILROAD, from Greensboro' to Salem, closes every day, except Saturday, at 9, p. m. Due every day, except Monday, by 1, a. m.

MOUNT AIRY MAIL, via Old Town, Bethania, Five Forks, Dalton, Pilot Mountain, Flat Shoals, and Tom's Creek. Closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6.30, a. m. Due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 7, p. m.

MADISON MAIL, via Sedge Garden, Germanton, Walnut Cove and Sauratown: Closes, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 30, a. m.—due Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 5, p. m.

HUNTSVILLE MAIL, via Clemmonsville, Lewisville and Panther Creek; closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6.30 a. m. Due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 3, p. m.

FULTON MAIL, via Friedberg, Miller's Mill and Elbaville; closes every Friday at 6.30, a.m., due every Saturday by 3, p. m.

RICHMOND HILL MAIL, via Mount Tabor, Vienna, Red Plains and East Bend; closes every Saturday at 6 a. m., due every Saturday by 8, p. m. H, W. SHORE, P. M.

Nights and mornings cool.

Sweet Potatoes are worth 40 to 50 cents a bushel.

THE SCHOOLS of Salem are now under full sway, and on an average very well attended.

On account of change of R. R. schedule, our mail is delayed some twelve hours.

Some of our old weather prophets predict frost by the 6th of October.

The Colored Free School will not open its annual session until the latter part of October or first of November.

What a peculiar sensation a person experiences as he trips against a piece of timber left upon the sidewalk where buildings are undergoing erections and repairs.

Why don't the Tilden and Vance Club erect a flag pole. The club is numerous and the expenses would be small. Clemmonsville is ahead this time!

CENTENNIAL.—A large party left for the Centennial on Tuesday morning, and more will start in a few days.

THE SALEM CORNET BAND has received a letter of inquiry as to the terms they would attend a grand Barbecue and Conservative speaking in Danville, on the 17th of October. Hons. B. Johnson Barbour, H. W. Reily, J. Ran Tucker, and J. M. Leach have been invited to attend.

ARRESTED.—Dep. Sheriff Douthit summoned a posse to arrest Wiley Ford, of Yadkin county, for forcible trespass. Lodged in jail.

Owing to the inclemency of the weather, on Saturday, the speaking which was to have taken place in the Public Square, took place in the Court-house in the afternoon, and in Brown's Warehouse in the evening.

Salem District School will open about the first of October, under the management of Mr. H. S. Everett.

Already the sound of the huntsman's horn can be heard sounding at night in the surrounding woods.

Rev. A. L. Oerter, pastor of the Moravian Church, is on a visit to the Centennial Exposition, Bishop De Schweinitz filling the vacancy during his absence.

The time for holding the Moravian Sunday School has been changed from 8 A. M. to 1 P. M.

The mail route from this place to Huntsville has a new contractor, Mr. E. Parish.

AT HOME.—We are pleased to see in our midst again, Mrs. Turner, after an extented visit to her relatives and friends in California.

Camp Meeting at Maple Springs Sunday next.

MESSRS. FOGLE BROTHERS have enclosed their grounds with a paling fence. It adds much to the appearance of the locality.

MR. WM. ORMSBY has just finished a neat dwelling near the R. R. Depot.

COLORED TOURNAMENT.—The colored people of Walnut Cove and vicinity, gave a tournament on Saturday last. Notwithstanding the unsettled state of the weather, quite a large assemblage was present, and everything passed off pleasantly. Jones' colored Brass Band furnished the music for the occasion.

Divine Service was held in the Moravian Church as usual on Sunday last. Rev. M. E. Grunert officiating in the morning, and Bishop DeSchweinitz in the evening.

Rev. F. H. Johnson officiated in the Presbyterian Church, at Winston.

The Methodist Episcopal Church commenced a protracted meeting on Sunday last, which will probably continue during the week. Service every evening.

Occasionally a water melon makes its appearance in the market. Persons who indulge in melons at this season should put on their over-coats, and see to it that they have quinine on hand.

Our old friend, the "Boss of the Mill Wagon," says he don't care a fig about the Centennial, but he does hope that John Robinson's circus will come this way.

NEW BUILDINGS.—Mr. Allen Spach has put up a new dwelling house on Poplar street. Mr. C. A. Hoge has also erected a new dwelling house near his foundry. Mrs. Clewell's residence on Main street is approaching completion and makes a handsome appearance.

Chinquapins have put in an appearance, and the hearts of the younsters are gladdened.

The Board of Commissioners have ordered the barber-shops to be kept closed on Sundays.

We notice improvements are being made to the gutter and sidewalk in front of Mr. C. Ebert's.

If you want to feel well and lively, use Dr. Bull's Vegetable Pills. Your druggist keeps them.

A RARITY.—A bee swarm settled on the spruce-pine in the garden of Salem Hotel on Tuesday last. This is a rare occurrence and not favorable for the bees this late in the season.

SAND.—It is astonishing to see the amount of sand hauled over our streets for building purposes.

Mrs. Mary Allen, m. n. Porter, has been admitted to the Poorhouse.

THE MARKETS.—Very little change generaly. Butter 20 a 25; Potatoes, Sweet 40 a 50; Irish 50.

Persons of sedentary habits, and overworked, find in Dr. Bull's Vegetable Pills a specific for want of Appetite, Palpitation, Debility, Constipation, and many other nameless ailments. At the drug stores.

We hope that the Ethiopian who serenades occasionally in the lower part of Main street will modulate his voice so as to not disturb citizens who have retired.

In passing by uncle Solomon Mickey's cooper-shop the other day, we noticed several large stands in front of the shop, which indicate that the krout season is at hand.

A couple of youths who got disentangled from their mama's apron-strings, wandered off to lower Main street, Monday night, where they gave a few yells that startled nervous old ladies and set all the dogs in the neighborhood yelping.

GOOD ROAD.—The road known as the "Fries' Plank Road" has been repaired, and is now a good McAdamized road, connecting with New Shallow Ford Street, which has also been put in excellent order to its junction with Main Street.

MARRIED,

In Fulton, Davie county, on the 14th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Samuel Wilson, Mr. HENRY IRELAND to Miss ADELIA SHARPE.

May the happy couple enjoy uninterrupted prosperity.

Near Clemmonsville, August 31st, by S. S. Jones, Esq., Mr. WINFIELD S. ELLIS to Miss JANE BRANDON, daughter of John Brandon of Forsyth county.

Near Clemmonsville on the 7th inst., by S. S. Jones, Esq., Mr. DAVID ADAMS, of Davie county, to Miss MARY C. POTTS, of Davidson

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 14th inst., by S. S. Jones, Esq., Mr. THOMAS D. HOLDER to Miss ANNA E. WELFARE, all of Davidson county.

At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. L. Gilmer, Mossy Creek, East Tennessee, by Rev. Mr. Wallace, on the 5th inst., Mr. R. T. JOYCE, of Danbury, N. C., to Miss ALICE D. GILMER.

DIED,

On the 13th inst., near Abbott's Creek Church, AUSTIN RAPER, aged about 50 years.

In Davidson county, near Abbott's Creek Church, on the 8th inst., KING BEESON, aged about 25 years.

In this county, on the 31st of August, at the residence of his father, of heart disease, ANDREW PHIPPS, son of Ransom Phipps, aged 34 years, 5 months and 2 days.

On the 14th inst., JOHN A. STEPHENS, Esq., a promising young lawyer of Statesville.

In New York, on the 14th inst., Capt. SAMUEL F. WILLIAMS, of Rocky Mount, N. C.

In Richmond, Hon. HENRY A. WISE, on the 12th inst., aged upwards of 70 years.

DIED in Winston, on the 19th inst., Mrs. WILEY, mother of Rev. C. H. Wiley, at an advanced age.

The Fairs.

North Carolina State Fair, at Raleigh, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th and 21st October.

Roanoke and Tar River Society Fair, at Weldon, N. C., 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th October.

Western North Carolina Fair, at Salisbury, 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th October.

The Virginia State Fair will commence at Richmond, Tuesday, October 31st, and continue Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

The Staunton Fair will be held on the 10th 11th and 12th of October.

Lynchburg Fair October 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th.

Bristol Border Fair September 26th, 27th and 28th.

Wytheville Fair October 4th, 5th and 6th.

Abington Fair October 10th, 11th and 12th.

Leesburg (Loudoun county) Fair, October 17th, 18th and 19th.

Washington County Fair, Jonesboro, Tennessee, 4th, 5th and 6th of October,

Piedmont Society Fair, Culpeper, 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th October.

Tazewell County Fair, 11th, 12th and 13th October.

Shenandoah Valley Agricultural Society, Winchester, October 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th.

WINSTON TOBACCO MARKET.

Lugs Common,	5 00 to 8 50
" Good	8 50 to 11 00
Leaf	9 00 to 11 00
" Good	11 00 to 14 00
Smokers Fancy	18 00 to 20 00
Wrappers good	20 00 to 30 00
Fine and Fancy,	35 00 to 50 00
Mahogany wrappers	16 00 to 25 00
Fine "	30 00 to 40 00

Charlotte.—Flour $2.75 and $3.00. Corn 70.

Fayetteville, Sep. 13—Bacon, 12½ a 13; Flour, 4.00 a 5.50; Oats, 40 a 50; Corn 75; Salt $1.25.

Great bargains offered in the **New Fall Stock** of

DRESS GOODS,

FLANNELS, &c.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

J. L. FULKERSON.

Salem, N. C. September 20th, 1876.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland Maine.

Stencil Cutting and Sign Painting.

ALL kinds of STENCILS, FOR TOBACCO BOXES, FOR MILLERS, FOR MERCHANTS, &c.., &., &c., CUT ON BRASS AND COPPER.

ALSO SIGNS PAINTED.

—AND—

PROFESSIONAL CARDS, ON TIN IN GOLD, neatly and expeditiously executed by

E. A. VOGLER,

Salem, N. C.. Sept., 1876. 37–4w.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE BEST FAMILY MEDICINES.

Tested by popular use for over

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY!

Dr. Strong's Compound Sanative Pills cure Constipation, Billiousness, Liver Complaint, Malarial Fevers, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, and all diseases requiring an active but mild purgative.

Dr Strong's Pectoral Stomach Pills cure Coughs, Colds, Fevers, Female Complaints, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, and all derangements of the Stomach. C. E. HULL & Co., N. Y. Proprietors.

$55 to $77 a Week to Agents. Samples FREE. P. O. VICKERY Augusta, Maine.

SPECTACLES. GRADY'S B. P. Specks preserve the eyesight. Write for particulars. L. G. GRADY, Halifax, N. C.

WANTED.—ANY PERSON CAN MAKE $500 a month selling our letter-copying book. Any one that has a letter to wrte will buy it. No press or water used. Send stamp for circular. EXCELSIOR CO., 17 Tribune Building, Chicago, Ill.

STAMMERING cured by Bates appliances. For description, &c., address, SIMPSON & Co., Box 5076, N. Y.

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 copies each issue.—Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete lists. Together with a complete list of over 300 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address GEO. P. ROWELL, & CO., 41 Park Row, New York

NEWSPAPERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

A complete list of American Newspapers, numbering more than eight thousand, with a Gazetteer of all the towns and cities in which they are published; Historical and Statistical Sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal Newspaper Buildings. BOOK OF 300 PAGES, just issued. Mailed, post paid, to any address for 35 cts. Apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Co. New York.

EVERY ADVERTISER NEEDS IT.

Another Candidate FOR PUBLIC FAVOR.

THE UNDERSIGNED having secured the old stand of PFOHL & STOCKTON, have filled it with a very handsome and

Entirely New Stock of

General Merchandise,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

NOTIONS, GROCERIES, SHOES AND BOOTS, DRUGS, DYE-STUFFS, CROCKERY, HARDWARE, STATIONERY, &c., &c., which they offer to the public

AT REDUCED PRICES.

Mr. E. A. EBERT, the managing partner, cordially invites his old customers and friends to call and give our goods an inspection.

EBERT & CO.

Salem, N. C. June 8th, 1876.–14-tf.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as Executor of the estate of Jacob Reich, dec'd, according to law, I hereby give general notice to all creditors of said estate to present their claims, duly authenticated, within the time limited by law for that purpose, otherwise this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

Debtors to said estate will also please to make payment immediately.

E. A. VOGLER, Executor.

Salem, N. C., Aug. 1, 1876. 32.6w.

FRENCH LAWNS & WHITE GOODS.

A fine stock, cheaper than ever.

J. L. FULKERSON.

Salem, N. C., April 5th, 1876.

IF YOU WANT FULL VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY GET BEST GOODS of

J. L. FULKERSON.

Jan. 6th. 1876.

NEW GOGDS.—A drive in **Black Alpaca and Mohair.** The best I ever offered for the money.

A fresh supply,—Which come and buy.—Cheap for Cash.

J. L. FULKERSON

NORTH CAROLINA State Life Insurance Company.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Capital - - 200,000

OFFICERS,

HON. KEMP P. BATTLE, President.
F. H. CAMERON, Vice President.
W. H. HICKS, Secretary & Treasurer.
DR. E. BURKE HAYWOOD, Medical Director.
Dr. W. I. ROYSTER, Assistant Medical Dir.
PROF. EDWARD B. SMITH, Actuary.
J. B. BATCHELOR, Attorney.
O. H. PERRY, Supervising Agent.

DIRECTORS.

Hon. Kemp P. Battle, Late Treasurer of North Carolina.
Hon. T. M. Holt.....President State Agricultural Society.
Dr W. J. Hawkins.....Late President N. C. R. R.
Hon. John Manning.....Attorney at Law.
Gen. W. R. Cox.....Late Solicitor Sixth District.
Col. L. W. Humphrey...President Atlantic & N. C. Railroad
Col. W. E. Anderson...Pres't Citizens' Nat. Bank, Raleigh.
John G. Williams.....Pres't State National Bank,
Hon. A. A. McKoy.....Judge Fourth District.
Capt. James A. Graham, Attorney at Law.
Maj. F. H. Cameron.....Late Supt. Agencies N. A. L. Ins. Co.
J. C. McRae.....N. C. House Representatives.
J. B. Batchelor.....Counsellor and Attorney at Law.
J. C. Blake.....Cashier Raleigh National Bank.
Col. Walter Clark.....Attorney at Law, Raleigh, N. C.
W. C. Upchurch.....Commission Merchant
Hon. J. J. Davis.....Member Congress Fourth District
John Nichols.....Principal D&D and B. Asylum
Col. John A Gilmer, Greensboro, Attorney at Law,
Gen. Rufus Barringer, Charlotte, Attorney at Law,
Dr. E. Burke Haywood, Raleigh, Medical Director.
John D. Williams.....Fayetteville, Pres. Cit. Nat. Bank.
W. D. Roundtree.....Wilson, President Bank of Wilson.
John W. Fries.....Salem, Cotton Manufacturer.
Capt. A. B. Andrews.....Raleigh, North Carolina Rail Road.

Has issued nearly 2,000 policies. Prudent economical and energetic management has made it a thoroughly successful corporation, and the leading Life Company in the State.

Issues every desirable form of Policy at as low rates as are consistent with prudence and safety.—Imposes no useless restriction upon residence or travel. Policies non-forfeitable after two or three annual payments. Has FIVE DOLLARS of ASSETS for every dollar of LIABILITIES, with which to secure Policy Holders.

ALL LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY.

Its entire assets loaned and invested in NORTH CAROLINA, to foster and encourage Home Enterprises, and to protect and assist our own people.

With these facts before them, will the people of North Carolina continue to send out of the State annually, thousands upon thousands of dollars to build up Foreign Companies, when they can secure insurance equally reliable and on as good terms in their own

HOME COMPANY,

managed by some of the best and most preminent citizens of the State, and where every dollar of premium paid is invested in our own State, and among our own people?

O. H. PERRY, Supervising Agent.

J. W. FRIES, Agent, Salem. N. C.

Dr. V. O. THOMPSON, Agent, Winston, N. C.

Fep. 17, 1876. 7-1y

INFELICE is Mrs. Augusta Evans Wilson's new and charming book, probably the best ever written by this most fascinating Southern authoress. The work is selling fast and Carlton's presses in New York are tasked to their utmost to produce them fast enough to supply he demand at Blums.

GO TO THE BARGAIN STORE!

PFOHL & STOCKTON

WINSTON, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail MERCHANTS.

ALSO PROPRIETORS OF

Merchant's Hotel.

Mrs. JAY'S ADVICE.

Said Mrs. Crow to Mrs. Jay,
"A few words to you I have to say:
Pray, can you give me some advice
About making up my dresses nice?"
Says Mrs. Jay, "'tis not hard to do,
And I'll give some advice that will suit you."
"Do tell me quick," said Mrs. Crow,
"For I have tried every plan I know."
"Well, my dear friend," said Mrs. Jay,
"Just listen now to what I say:
To make your dresses fit to be seen,
You must always use a *Wilson Machine*;
For then you can do your sewing all right,—
Besides you'll find they run so light.
And then they are sold so *very cheap*,
That every family one or two should keep;
And another thing, my friend, you see,
With a machine you get all attachments *free*."
Mrs. Crow, she studied for awhile,
And as o'er her face there spread a smile,
She turned and said to Mrs. Jay,
"I'll have me a 'Wilson' this very day."
Two hours after this confab, Mr. Crow was seen,
Leaving A. M. JONES' with a $55 *Wilson Machine*.
All ladies who wish to take Mrs. Jay's advice,
Should get a *Wilson Machine* and make their dresses up nice.
To get a "Wilson" call on or address

A. M. JONES,

Gen. Agent Wilson Sewing Machine,

† Salem, N. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, Forsyth County. } In the Superior Court, Spring Term, 1876.

IT IS ORDERED BY THE COURT, That hereafter the State Docket will be taken up on *Monday, Tuesday* and *Wednesday*, of the first week of the Term, and the *Civil Docket* will be called on *Thursday, Friday* and *Saturday*, of the first week of the Term.

And that on *Monday* of the *second week* of the Term, the State Docket will be resumed and continued until all the cases are disposed of, and the residue of that week will be devoted to the Civil Docket.

IT IS ORDERED BY THE COURT, That general notice throughout the county be given, and that all *Parties* and *Witnesses* in *Criminal* as well as in *Civil* cases attend Court as required by the foregoing order.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED BY THE COURT, that the above order, be published in Winston *Sentinel, People's Press* and *Union Republican*. By order of the Court.

This 14th day of August, 1876.

C. S. HAUSER, C. S. C.

SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS.

J. L. FULKERSON.

Salem, N. C., April 5th, 1876.

LOT NEW CALICOES just received at WOMMACK & CO'S.

HODGIN & SULLIVAN.

WINSTON, N. C.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Agricultural Implements,

Fertilizers, and Agents for the Watt Plows.

Honest and Fair Dealing our motto.

We buy our Goods for Cash only, and sell for a very small profit. Our stock is kept complete by replenishment all the year, and embraces everything usually kept n a first class store We offer for sale, at reduced prices, the old and established sandard fertilzers.

Whann's Raw Bone Super Phosphate, $50 ton. Soluble Pacific Guano, $50 ton.
W. & C. Phosphate of Lime, $50 ton. Zell's Tobacco Fertilizer, $50 ton.

Heavy Groceries, Iron, Leather and Nails made a specialty. We invite all to examine our stock and prices.

D. R. LEAK. **WINSTON** T. A. WILSON.

Marble and Granite Works!

The undersigned respectfully announce that they have opened a first class

MARBLE & GRANITE YARD,

Where they are prepared to furnish

MARBLE HEADSTONES, MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES, MANTELS, &C., &C.

Granite Work for Building and Graveyard purposes. All Monuments and Tombs executed in the

FINEST STYLE!

NONE BUT SKILLED WORKMEN EMPLOYED.

Orders from a distance solicited and promptly filled at prices that cannot be undersold.
Designs sent to any one on application, free of charge.
Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for work.
All work warrented. Address

LEAK & WILSON,

June 27, 1876. WINSTON, N. C.

FRESH SUPPLY OF GOODS!

SUMMER, 1876.

HAVING OPENED A NEW AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of Goods in my line, I offer them at such prices as bring them within the means of all to purchase the LATEST STYLES of NEW SPRING AND SUMMER HATS AND BONNETS, SASHES, RIBBONS, FRENCH AND AMERICAN FLOWERS, LACES AND EDGINGS, RUFFS AND RUFFLING. A large assortment of **LADIES' TIES, LINEN AND LACE COLLARS,** KID & BERLIN GLOVES, BRAIDS & SWITCHES, HOSIERY & CORSETS. **NOTIONS, Perfumeries and Extracts** and many other articles in my line. **Jet Jewelry & Necklaces,** the latest and most beautiful styles just received.

Mrs. Douthit returns thanks for the very liberal encouragement received, and hopes to be able to please her friends and the public, in future.

Salem, N. C., June 9th, 1876.

SMITH'S DRUG STORE,

SAMUEL H. SMITH'S DRUG STORE — SAMUEL H. SMITH'S DRUG STORE

SAMUEL H. SMITH,

DRUGGIST,

One Door Below Newell, Mitchell & Co.'s,

WINSTON, N. C.

AS I AM BETTER PREPARED TO SERVE THE Public than ever, I call the attention of buyers to my well selected Stock of

Pure Drugs, Medicines,

Chemicals, Paints, Dye-Stuffs,

Solid and Fluid Extracts, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Stationery of all kinds,

Cigars, Tobacco, Pure Wines and Liquors,

for Medical purposes. Agency for Linville's Pure Wines, Parson's Purgative Pills, Bickley's Worm Agent, Dr. J. H. McLane's Family Medicines.

I will make it to the interest of buyers to call and see me. Remember that I receive New Goods every week, and all medicines that go out of Store are pure and reliable, as I buy from the best and most reliable Drug Houses in the country.

My experience in the Drug business, and success since I have been in Winston, is a sufficient guarantee as to my ability in Compounding Drugs, filling Prescriptions, &c.

Thanking my many friends and customers for their patronage, so liberally bestowed. I hope to merit a continuance of the same, by strict personal attention to business.

WINSTON, - N.C.

FARMER'S HEADQUARTERS

THE OLD RELIABLE

BROWN'S WARE HOUSE,

The Proprietors would remind their friends and patrons that they

Defy Competition and all Combinations.

That their House is being ENLARGED to accommodate their greatly increased business, giving them a LARGER FLOOR BY 2,000 SQUARE FEET than any house in Winston.—That they will have

Fourteen Large Sky-Lights, with Ten Doors for Unloading.

That their LOT HAS BEEN ENLARGED AND IMPROVED, and shall be equaled in convenience by none.

Will always gladly welcome you and extend every attention possible, and continue to

Guarantee the Highest Market Prices, Promptness and Accuracy.

Your Friends, Truly,

Nov. 18, 1875. **T. J. BROWN & CO.**

GOOD CHEAP GOOD!

MONEY SAVED IS MONEY MADE!

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

SPRING AND SUMMER, 1876.

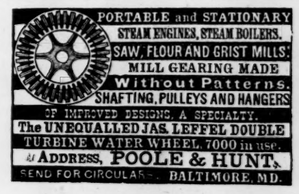
R. A. WOMMACK & CO.

Call attention to their complete stock of **GENERAL MERCHANDISE,** which they are determined to sell at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Don't fail to call and examine their GOODS. They are determined to please.

June 15th, 1876.


PORTABLE and STATIONARY
STEAM ENGINES, STEAM BOILERS,
SAW, FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS
MILL GEARING MADE
Without Patterns.
SHAFTING, PULLEYS AND HANGERS
OF IMPROVED DESIGNS, A SPECIALTY.
The UNEQUALLED JAS. LEFFEL DOUBLE
TURBINE WATER WHEEL, 7000 in use.
ADDRESS, POOLE & HUNT,
SEND FOR CIRCULAR. BALTIMORE, MD.

INITIAL PAPER.—In great variety the SalemBookstore.

STANDARD KEEPER.

Having received the Measures and Weights from aleigh, I am ready to seal all weights and measures.

R. A. WOMMACK, Standard Keeper.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. Terms and outfit free. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO. Augusta Maine.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Interest charged on all accounts, after thirty days.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

POST OFFICE DIRECTORY.

Salem, N. C., Post Office Arrangements.—Office hours from 7 o'clock, a. m., to 6, p. m., during the week, and from 7 to 8, a. m., on Sunday.

TIME OF ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

RAILROAD, from Greensboro' to Salem, closes every day, except Saturday, at 9, p. m. Due every day, except Monday, by 1, a. m.

MOUNT AIRY MAIL, via Old Town, Bethania, Five Forks, Dalton, Pilot Mountain, Flat Shoals, and Tom's Creek. Closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6.30, a. m. Due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 7, p. m.

MADISON MAIL, via Sedge Garden, Germanton, Walnut Cove and Sauratown: Closes, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 30, a. m.—due Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 5, p. m.

HUNTSVILLE MAIL, via Clemmonsville, Lewisville and Panther Creek; closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6.30 a. m. Due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 3, p. m.

FULTON MAIL, via Friedberg, Miller's Mill and Elbaville; closes every Friday at 6.30, a.m., due every Saturday by 3, p. m.

RICHMOND HILL MAIL, via Mount Tabor, Vienna, Red Plains and East Bend; closes every Saturday at 6 a. m., due every Saturday by 8, p. m. H, W. SHORE, P. M.

Nights and mornings cool.

Sweet Potatoes are worth 40 to 50 cents a bushel.

THE SCHOOLS of Salem are now under full sway, and on an average very well attended.

On account of change of R. R. schedule, our mail is delayed some twelve hours.

Some of our old weather prophets predict frost by the 6th of October.

The Colored Free School will not open its annual session until the latter part of October or first of November.

What a peculiar sensation a person experiences as he trips against a piece of timber left upon the sidewalk where buildings are undergoing erections and repairs.

Why don't the Tilden and Vance Club erect a flag pole. The club is numerous and the expenses would be small. Clemmonsville is ahead this time!

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COLORED TOURNAMENT.—The colored people of Walnut Cove and vicinity, gave a tournament on Saturday last. Notwithstanding the unsettled state of the weather, quite a large assemblage was present, and everything passed off pleasantly. Jones' colored Brass Band furnished the music for the occasion.

Divine Service was held in the Moravian Church as usual on Sunday last. Rev. M. E. Grunert officiating in the morning, and Bishop DeSchweinitz in the evening.

Rev. F. H. Johnson officiated in the Presbyterian Church, at Winston.

The Methodist Episcopal Church commenced a protracted meeting on Sunday last, which will probably continue during the week. Service every evening.

Occasionally a water melon makes its appearance in the market. Persons who indulge in melons at this season should put on their over-coats, and see to it that they have quinine on hand.

Our old friend, the "Boss of the Mill Wagon," says he don't care a fig about the Centennial, but he does hope that John Robinson's circus will come this way.

NEW BUILDINGS.—Mr. Allen Spach has put up a new dwelling house on Poplar street. Mr. C. A. Hoge has also erected a new dwelling house near his foundry. Mrs. Clewell's residence on Main street is approaching completion and makes a handsome appearance.

Chinquapins have put in an appearance, and the hearts of the younsters are gladdened.

The Board of Commissioners have ordered the barber-shops to be kept closed on Sundays.

We notice improvements are being made to the gutter and sidewalk in front of Mr. C. Ebert's.

If you want to feel well and lively, use Dr. Bull's Vegetable Pills. Your druggist keeps them.

A RARITY.—A bee swarm settled on the spruce-pine in the garden of Salem Hotel on Tuesday last. This is a rare occurrence and not favorable for the bees this late in the season.

SAND.—It is astonishing to see the amount of sand hauled over our streets for building purposes.

Mrs. Mary Allen, m. n. Porter, has been admitted to the Poorhouse.

THE MARKETS.—Very little change generally. Butter 20 a 25; Potatoes, Sweet 40 a 50; Irish 50.

Persons of sedentary habits, and overworked, find in Dr. Bull's Vegetable Pills a specific for want of Appetite, Palpitation, Debility, Constipation, and many other nameless ailments. At the drug stores.

We hope that the Ethiopian who serenades occasionally in the lower part of Main street will modulate his voice so as to not disturb citizens who have retired.

In passing by uncle Solomon Mickey's cooper-shop the other day, we noticed several large stands in front of the shop, which indicate that the krout season is at hand.

A couple of youths who got disentangled from their mama's apron-strings, wandered off to lower Main street, Monday night, where they gave a few yells that startled nervous old ladies and set all the dogs in the neighborhood yelping.

GOOD ROAD.—The road known as the "Fries' Plank Road" has been repaired, and is now a good McAdamized road, connecting with New Shallow Ford Street, which has also been put in excellent order to its junction with Main Street.

MARRIED,

In Fulton, Davie county, on the 14th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Samuel Wilson, Mr. HENRY IRELAND to Miss ADELIA SHARPE.

May the happy couple enjoy uninterrupted prosperity.

Near Clemmonsville, August 31st, by S. S. Jones, Esq., Mr. WINFIELD S. ELLIS to Miss JANE BRANDON, daughter of John Brandon of Forsyth county.

Near Clemmonsville on the 7th inst., by S. S. Jones, Esq., Mr. DAVID ADAMS, of Davie county, to Miss MARY C. POTTS, of Davidson

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 14th inst., by S. S. Jones, Esq., Mr. THOMAS D. HOLDER to Miss ANNA E. WELFARE, all of Davidson county.

At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. L. Gilmer, Mossy Creek, East Tennessee, by Rev. Mr. Wallace, on the 5th inst., Mr. R. T. JOYCE, of Danbury, N. C., to Miss ALICE D. GILMER.

DIED,

On the 13th inst., near Abbott's Creek Church, AUSTIN RAPER, aged about 50 years.

In Davidson county, near Abbott's Creek Church, on the 8th inst., KING BEESON, aged about 25 years.

In this county, on the 31st of August, at the residence of his father, of heart disease, ANDREW PHIPPS, son of Ransom Phipps, aged 34 years, 5 months and 2 days.

On the 14th inst., JOHN A. STEPHENS, Esq., a promising young lawyer of Statesville.

In New York, on the 14th inst., Capt. SAMUEL F. WILLIAMS, of Rocky Mount, N. C.

In Richmond, Hon. HENRY A. WISE, on the 12th inst., aged upwards of 70 years.

DIED in Winston, on the 19th inst., Mrs. WILEY, mother of Rev. C. H. Wiley, at an advanced age.

The Fairs.

North Carolina State Fair, at Raleigh, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th and 21st October.

Roanoke and Tar River Society Fair, at Weldon, N. C., 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th October.

Western North Carolina Fair, at Salisbury, 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th October.

The Virginia State Fair will commence at Richmond, Tuesday, October 31st, and continue Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

The Staunton Fair will be held on the 10th 11th and 12th of October.

Lynchburg Fair October 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th.

Bristol Border Fair September 26th, 27th and 28th.

Wytheville Fair October 4th, 5th and 6th.

Abington Fair October 10th, 11th and 12th.

Leesburg (Loudoun county) Fair, October 17th, 18th and 19th.

Washington County Fair, Jonesboro, Tennessee, 4th, 5th and 6th of October.

Piedmont Society Fair, Culpeper, 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th October.

Tazewell County Fair, 11th, 12th and 13th October.

Shenandoah Valley Agricultural Society, Winchester, October 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th.

WINSTON TOBACCO MARKET.

Lugs Common,	5 00 to 8 50
" Good	8 50 to 11 00
Leaf	9 00 to 11 00
" Good	11 00 to 14 00
Smokers Fancy	18 00 to 20 00
Wrappers good	20 00 to 30 00
Fine and Fancy,	35 00 to 50 00
Mahogany wrappers	16 00 to 25 00
Fine "	30 00 to 40 00

Charlotte.—Flour $2.75 and $3.00. Corn 70.

Fayetteville, Sep. 13—Bacon, 12½ a 13; Flour, 4.00 a 5.50; Oats, 40 a 50; Corn 75; Salt $1.25.

Great bargains offered in the **New Fall Stock** of

DRESS GOODS,

FLANNELS, &c.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

J. L. FULKERSON.

Salem, N. C. September 20th, 1876.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland Maine.

Stencil Cutting and Sign Painting.

ALL kinds of STENCILS, FOR TOBACCO BOXES, FOR MILLERS, FOR MERCHANTS, &c., &., &c., CUT ON BRASS AND COPPER.

ALSO SIGNS PAINTED.

-AND-

PROFESSIONAL CARDS, ON TIN IN GOLD, neatly and expeditiously executed by

E. A. VOGLER,

Salem, N. C.. Sept., 1876. 37-4w.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE BEST FAMILY MEDICINES.

Tested by popular use for over

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY!

Dr. Strong's Compound Sanative Pills cure Constipation, Billiousness, Liver Complaint, Malarial Fevers, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, and all diseases requiring an active but mild purgative.

Dr Strong's Pectoral Stomach Pills cure Coughs, Colds, Fevers, Female Complaints, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, and all derangements of the Stomach. C. E. HULL & Co., N. Y. Proprietors.

$55 to $77 a Week to Agents. Samples FREE. P. O. VICKORY Augusta, Maine.

SPECTACLES, GRADY'S B. P. Specks preserve the eyesight. Write for particulars. L. G. GRADY, Halifax, N. C.

WANTED.—ANY PERSON CAN MAKE $500 a month selling our letter-copying book. Any one that has a letter to write will buy it. No press or water used. Send stamp for circular. EXCELSIOR CO., 17 Tribune Building, Chicago, Ill.

STAMMERING cured by Bates appliances. For description, &c., address, SIMPSON & Co., Box 5076, N. Y.

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 copies each issue.—Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete lists. Together with a complete list of over 300 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address GEO. P. ROWELL, & CO., 41 Park Row, New York

NEWSPAPERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

A complete list of American Newspapers, numbering more than eight thousand, with a Gazetteer of all the towns and cities in which they are published; Historical and Statistical Sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal Newspaper Buildings. BOOK OF 300 PAGES, just issued. Mailed, post paid, to any address for 35 cts. Apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Co. New York.

EVERY ADVERTISER NEEDS IT.

Another Candidate FOR PUBLIC FAVOR.

THE UNDERSIGNED having secured the old stand of PFOHL & STOCKTON, have filled it with a very handsome and

Entirely New Stock of General Merchandise,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

NOTIONS, GROCERIES, SHOES AND BOOTS, DRUGS, DYE-STUFFS, CROCKERY, HARDWARE, STATIONERY, &c., &c., which they offer to the public

AT REDUCED PRICES.

Mr. E. A. EBERT, the managing partner, cordially invites his old customers and friends to call and give our goods an inspection.

EBERT & CO.

Salem, N. C. June 8th, 1876.-14-tf.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as Executor of the estate of Jacob Reich, dec'd, according to law, I hereby give general notice to all creditors of said estate to present their claims, duly authenticated, within the time limited by law for that purpose, otherwise this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

Debtors to said estate will also plense to make payment immediately.

E. A. VOGLER, Executor.

Salem, N. C., Aug. 1, 1876. 32.6w.

FRENCH LAWNS & WHITE GOODS.

A fine stock, cheaper than ever.

J. L. FULKERSON.

Salem, N. C., April 5th, 1876.

IF YOU WANT FULL VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY GET BEST GOODS of

J. L. FULKERSON.

Jan. 6th. 1876.

NEW GOGDS.—A drive in **Black Alpaca and Mohair.** The best I ever offered for the money.

A fresh supply,—Which come and buy.—Cheap for Cash.

J. L. FULKERSON

HODGIN & SULLIVAN.

WINSTON, N. C.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Agricultural Implements,

Fertilizers, and Agents for the Watt Plows.

Honest and Fair Dealing our motto.

We buy our Goods for Cash only, and sell for a very small profit. Our stock is kept complete by replenishment all the year, and embraces everything usually kept n a first class store We offer for sale, at reduced prices, the old and established standard fertilzers.

Whann's Raw Bone Super Phosphate, $50 ton. Soluble Pacific Guano, $50 ton.

W. & C. Phosphate of Lime, $50 ton. Zell's Tobacco Fertilizer, $50 ton.

Heavy Groceries, Iron, Leather and Nails made a specialty. We invite all to examine our stock and prices.

NORTH CAROLINA

State Life Insurance Company.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Capital - - 200,000

OFFICERS,

HON. KEMP P. BATTLE, President.
F. H. CAMERON, Vice President.
W. H. HICKS, Secretary & Treasurer.
DR. E. BURKE HAYWOOD, Medical Director.
HON. JOHN MANNING, Assistant Medical Dir.
PROF. EDWARD J. SMITH, Actuary.
J. B. BATCHELOR, Attorney.
O. H. PERRY, Supervising Agent.

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Dr W. J. Hawkins.....Late President R. & G. R. R. & A. L. R. R
Hon. John Manning.....Attorney at Law.
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John G. Williams.....Pres't State National Bank,
Hon. A. A. McKoy.....Judge Fourth District.
Capt. James A. Graham, Attorney at Law.
Maj. F. H. Cameron....Late Supt. Agencies N. A. L. Ins. Co.
J. C. McRae.....N. C. House Representatives.
J. B. Batchelor.....Counsellor and Attorney at Law.
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Col. Walter Clark.....Attorney at Law, Raleigh, N. C.
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Hon. J. J. Davis.....Member Congress Fourth District
John Nichols.....Principal D & D and B. Asylum
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John D. Williams.....Fayetteville, Pres. Cit. Nat. Bank.
W. D. Roundtree.....Wilson, President Bank of Wilson.
John W. Fries.....Salem, Cotton Manufacturer.
Capt. A. B. Andrews.....Raleigh, North Carolina Rail Road.

Has issued nearly 2,000 policies. Prudent economical and energetic management has made it a thoroughly successful corporation, and the leading Life Company in the State.

Issues every desirable form of Policy at as low rates as are consistent with prudence and safety.—Imposes no useless restriction upon residence or travel. Policies non-forfeitable after two or three annual payments. Has FIVE DOLLARS of ASSETS for every dollar of LIABILITIES, with which to secure Policy Holders.

ALL LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY.

Its entire assets loaned and invested in NORTH CAROLINA, to foster and encourage Home Enterprises, and to protect and assist our own people.

With these facts before them, will the people of North Carolina continue to send out of the State annually, thousands upon thousands of dollars to build up Foreign Companies, when they can secure insurance equally reliable and on as good terms in their own

HOME COMPANY,

managed by some of the best and most preminent citizens of the State, and where every dollar of premium paid is invested in our own State, and among our own people?

O. H. PERRY, Supervising Agent.
J. W. FRIES, Agent, Salem, N. C.
Dr. V. O. THOMPSON, Agent, Winston, N. C.
Feb. 17, 1876. 7-1y

INFELICE is Mrs. Augusta Evans Wilson's new and charming book, probably the best ever written by this most fascinating Southern authoress. The work is selling fast and Carlton's presses in New York are tasked to their utmost to produce them fast enough to supply he demand at Blums.

GO TO THE BARGAIN STORE!

PFOHL & STOCKTON

WINSTON, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail MERCHANTS.

ALSO PROPRIETORS OF

Merchant's Hotel.

Mrs. JAY'S ADVICE.

Said Mrs. Crow to Mrs. Jay,
"A few words to you I have to say:
Pray, can you give me some advice
About making up my dresses nice?"
Says Mrs. Jay, "'tis not hard to do,
And I'll give some advice that will suit you."
"Do tell me quick," said Mrs. Crow,
"For I have tried every plan I know."
"Well, my dear friend," said Mrs. Jay,
"Just listen now to what I say:
To make your dresses fit to be seen,
You must always use a *Wilson Machine*;
For then you can do your sewing all right,—
Besides you'll find they run so light.
And then they are sold so *very cheap*,
That every family one or two should keep;
And another thing, my friend, you see,
With a machine you get all attachments *free*."
Mrs. Crow, she studied for awhile,
And as o'er her face there spread a smile,
She turned and said to Mrs. Jay,
"I'll have me a 'Wilson' this very day."
Two hours after this confab, Mr. Crow was seen,
Leaving A. M. JONES' with a $55 *Wilson Machine*.
All ladies who wish to take Mrs. Jay's advice,
Should get a *Wilson Machine* and make their dresses up nice.
To get a "Wilson" call on or address

A. M. JONES,
Gen. Agent Wilson Sewing Machine,
† Salem, N. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, Forsyth County. } In the Superior Court, Spring Term, 1876.

IT IS ORDERED BY THE COURT, That hereafter the State Docket will be taken up on *Monday, Tuesday* and *Wednesday*, of the first week of the Term, and the *Civil Docket* will be called on *Thursday, Friday* and *Saturday*, of the first week of the Term.

And that on *Monday* of the *second week* of the Term, the State Docket will be resumed and continued until all the cases are disposed of, and the residue of that week will be devoted to the Civil Docket.

IT IS ORDERED BY THE COURT, That general notice throughout the county be given, and that all *Parties* and *Witnesses* in *Criminal* as well as in *Civil* cases attend Court as required by the foregoing order.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED BY THE COURT, that the above order, be published in Winston *Sentinel*, *People's Press* and *Union Republican*. By order of the Court.

This 14th day of August, 1876.

C. S. HAUSER, C. S. C.

SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS.

J. L. FULKERSON.

Salem, N. C., April 5th, 1876.

LOT NEW CALICOES just received at WOMMACK & CO'S.

D. R. LEAK. **WINSTON** T. A. WILSON.

Marble and Granite Works!

The undersigned respectfully announce that they have opened a first class

MARBLE & GRANITE YARD,

Where they are prepared to furnish

MARBLE HEADSTONES, MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES, MANTELS, &C., &C.

Granite Work for Building and Graveyard purposes. All Monuments and Tombs executed in the

FINEST STYLE!

NONE BUT SKILLED WORKMEN EMPLOYED.

Orders from a distance solicited and promptly filled at prices that cannot be undersold.
Designs sent to any one on application, free of charge.
Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for work.
All work warrented. Address

LEAK & WILSON,

June 27, 1876. WINSTON, N. C.

FRESH SUPPLY OF GOODS!

SUMMER, 1876.

HAVING OPENED A NEW AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of Goods in my line, I offer them at such prices as bring them within the means of all to purchase the LATEST STYLES of NEW SPRING AND SUMMER HATS AND BONNETS, SASHES, RIBBONS, FRENCH AND AMERICAN FLOWERS, LACES AND EDGINGS, RUFFS AND RUFFLING. A large assortment of **LADIES' TIES, LINEN AND LACE COLLARS,** KID & BERLIN GLOVES, BRAIDS & SWITCHES, HOSIERY & CORSETS. **NOTIONS, Perfumeries and Extracts** and many other articles in my line, **Jet Jewelry & Necklaces,** the latest and most beautiful styles just received.

Mrs. Douthit returns thanks for the very liberal encouragement received, and hopes to be able to please her friends and the public, in future. Salem, N. C., June 9th, 1876.

SMITH'S DRUG STORE,

SAMUEL H. SMITH DRUG STORE

SAMUEL H. SMITH,

DRUGGIST,

One Door Below Newell, Mitchell & Co.'s,

WINSTON, N. C.

AS I AM BETTER PREPARED TO SERVE THE Public than ever, I call the attention of buyers to my well selected Stock of

Pure Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Dye-Stuffs,

Solid and Fluid Extracts, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Stationery of all kinds,

Cigars, Tobacco, Pure Wines and Liquors,

for Medical purposes. Agency for Linville's Pure Wines, Parson's Purgative Pills, Bickley's Worm Agent, Dr. J. H. McLane's Family Medicines.

I will make it to the interest of buyers to call and see me. Remember that I receive New Goods every week, and all medicines that go out of Store are pure and reliable, as I buy from the best and most reliable Drug Houses in the country.

My experience in the Drug business, and success since I have been in Winston, is a sufficient guarantee as to my ability in Compounding Drugs, filling Prescriptions, &c.

Thanking my many friends and customers for their patronage, so liberally bestowed. I hope to merit a continuance of the same, by strict personal attention to business.

SAMUEL H SMITHS DRUG STORE

WINSTON, - N.C.

FARMER'S HEADQUARTERS

THE OLD RELIABLE

BROWN'S WARE HOUSE,

The Proprietors would remind their friends and patrons that they

Defy Competition and all Combinations.

That their House is being ENLARGED to accommodate their greatly increased business, giving them a LARGER FLOOR BY 2,000 SQUARE FEET than any house in Winston.—That they will have

Fourteen Large Sky-Lights, with Ten Doors for Unloading.

That their LOT HAS BEEN ENLARGED AND IMPROVED, and shall be equaled in convenience by none.

Will always gladly welcome you and extend every attention possible, and continue to

Guarantee the Highest Market Prices, Promptness and Accuracy.

Your Friends, Truly,

Nov. 18, 1875. **T. J. BROWN & CO.**

GOOD CHEAP GOOD!

MONEY SAVED IS MONEY MADE!

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

SPRING AND SUMMER, 1876.

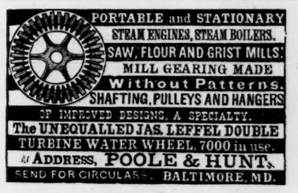
R. A. WOMMACK & CO.

Call attention to their complete stock of **GENERAL MERCHANDISE,** which they are determined to sell at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Don't fail to call and examine their GOODS. They are determined to please.

June 15th, 1876.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STEAM ENGINES, STEAM BOILERS.
SAW, FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS.
MILL GEARING MADE
Without Patterns.
SHAFTING, PULLEYS AND HANGERS
OF IMPROVED DESIGNS, A SPECIALTY.
The UNEQUALLED JAS. LEFFEL DOUBLE
TURBINE WATER WHEEL 7000 in use.
ADDRESS, POOLE & HUNT,
SEND FOR CIRCULARS. BALTIMORE, MD.

INITIAL PAPER.—In great variety the Salem Bookstore.

STANDARD KEEPER.

Having received the Measures and Weights from Raleigh, I am ready to seal all weights and measures.

R. A. WOMMACK, Standard Keeper.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. Terms and outfit free. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO. Augusta Maine.

THE MAD WOLF.

A TRUE STORY OF A TRAPPER'S FATE.

Hydrophobia, though fortunately a disease of rare occurrence in man, is one of the most recondite and least understood in the whole range of fleshy ills. It is, indeed, given up by medical authorities as utterly incurable after the symptoms once set in, the only remedies being of a preventive and not of a curative character. The wolf, the dog, the fox, the jackal and the cat seem most liable to contract the disease, though it occasionally occurs in other animals, its appearance, according to Eckel, being most frequent in tha months of February and May, though popular belief has laid hold upon the latter heats of summer or the dog-days, as the season in which this horrible malady is most to be apprehended. Its origin, when *de novo*, is little understood; but intense thirst, sudden changes from heat to cold, bad food, and unsatisfied sexual desires have all been assigned as causes for its appearance in animals; but in man it is invariably, and in animals most commonly, the result of contagion. When contracted by man it is usually from bites of rabid dogs, but fortunately the wounds in most cases heal without any serious consequences, but one person in twenty or thirty bitten, according to Hunter and Vaughn, taking the disease.

The bites inflicted by mad wolves are more certainly fatal, Watson mentioning sixty-seven deaths by hydrophobia out of one hundred and fourteen bites. The greater virulence of wolf bites is accounted for by wolves usually biting at the naked parts, but dogs nearly always bite through the clothing, the poisonous saliva thus being wiped from the teeth before they enter the flesh.

But I set out to tell a story, not to write a medical essay, though so much on a subject illustrated by my story seemed not inappropriate by way of introduction.

Among the tales with which, in the heyday of the American fur trade, the trappers were wont to beguile the evening hours by their camp fires, were those of wolves having gone mad upon the prairie, crept by night into the camp of the sleeping trapper, and inflicted bites from which the victim, after lingering through days of suffering, died in terrible agony. Many such stories were current in the olden time, and not even an Indian alarm could arouse the sleeping trapper so quickly from his slumbers, and cause him to clutch with such fierceness the ever-ready rifle, as the cry, resounding through the camp in the stillness of night, "Mad wolf! mad wolf!

About the first of August, 1832, the rival camps of the several fur companies then contending for supremacy in the west, were clustered near each other in the valley of the Green river. One night a mad wolf entered the camp o Fontenelle, who represented the interest of the American fur company, and passing rapidly by the recumbent and sleeping men, inflicted upon several a slight bite, proceeded among the horses, several of which it bit, and escaped in the darkness. The alarm was spread to all the camps, and the following day a number of tents were erected by the more prudent men for their better protection should the wolf return. In the camp of Fitzpatrick and Campbell, five miles distant from that of Fontenelle, but one tent was pitched, the occupants at night barricading the entrance with pack saddles; but as the night was pleasant the remainder of the men preferred to take their chances in the open air, laughing and joking their more prudent companions not a liitle for the precaution they had taken. Night came, and silence fell upon the camp, only broken at intervals of twenty minutes, when the chief of the guard sounded the cry of "All's well!" which was taken up and repeated successively by the drowsy sentinels, who, forbidden by the rules of the camp to pace their beats lest they should be made a target for the feathered shafts of unseen foes, could scarcely keep awake in the recumbent or sitting postures they were required to maintain in some dark nook on the verge of the camp. But presently a shaggy form steals past the nodding sentinels, and reaches undiscovered the centre of the camp. It approaches the sleeping form of George Howe, who, wrapped in his blanket and resting on his left side, leaves quite unprotected his right ear and cheek.

Snapping at the exposed face, the shaggy intruder inflicts a severe wound, rousing Howe rudely from his slumbers with the cry on his lips: "Ho! I am bitten! a mad wolf!" "A mad wolf! a mad wolf!" echoed the now aroused sentinels, and every man leaped to his feet in consternation. But the wolf sprang quickly upon two other men and bit them in the face ere they could rise, and then, favored by the confusion and the darkness effected its escape. The next morning mounted men scoured the plain in every direction in search of the rabid monster, but without avail; he seemed to have gone quite off, and further apprehension was quieted. In consequence no additional precautions were taken the ensuing night; but again, about midnight, the cry of "Mad wolf!" rang through the camp. This time the creature was among the cattle, and fled after having severely bitten a fine, large bull, which was destined for Fort William, at the mouth of the Yellowstone, to be employed in breeding. The wolf might have been killed upon this occasion, but for fear of accidents orders had been given not to fire in camp; he was, however, not long afterwards shot and killed by Fontenelle's men.

A few days subsequent to these events Fontenelle and Campbell broke camp and started for the Big Horn river, the latter on his way east with the year's accumulation of peltries, the former to escort him as far as the river named. The bull that had been bitten appeared to be doing well, and Howe's wounds were rapidly healing; but when some two days' march from the Big Horn, the bull commenced to behave strangely, indulging in protracted fits of fierce bellowing, the while foaming at the mouth and pawing the ground with silence. It was evident that he was going mad, and poor Howe became dreadfully alarmed for himself. He was a young man from New York, of good family, and well educated, and had sought the west and adopted the trapper's vocation, impelled solely by the spirit of adventure which leads so many young men to make sacrifices the advantages of a good home and the companionship of friends to plung into a life of hardship and danger. Howe had, among other trappers, an excellent friend named Larpenteur, then quite a young man, who subsequently passed forty years on the plains, and became well known upon the frontier. As they marched along together, witnesses of the mad antics and bellowings of the bull, Howe, with white face and trembling voice, would say: "Larpenteur, don't you hear the bull? He is going mad. I am beginning to get frightened. Do you think I shall go mad?" Then, relapsing into painful thought on the horrible prospect, he would ere long again break silence in a piteous appeal to his friends for the comforting assurance that he should probably escape so dreadful a fate. Larpenteur, with a heart wrung with sympathy, made these questions in a voice of forced steadiness as consoling a reply as he might; but with the conviction in his heart that Howe was doomed, his words but feebly concealed his own forebodings. The Big Horn was reached. Campbell's party, including Larpenteur, fell to work upon the boats of skins in which they were to float down the Big Horn and Yellowstone to the Missouri, while Fontenelle turned to scatter his band through the beaver grounds to begin the season's trapping. Howe returned with Fontenelle, and thus did not witness the death of the bull, which occurred soon after from a well developed case of hydrophobia. But poor Howe was constantly tortured with dread; he seemed impressed with the hopelessness of his escape, and bitter and terrible were his reflections at the prospect of thus miserably perishing far from home and friends—friends who might never know his fate. Alas! that he had ever left them! Would that upon this August day he might stand again within hearing of the dear ones at that door—the door of his father's house—out of which not many months before, he had joyously passed, seeking adventure, and only achieving an end like this! Would that the brown and treeless prairie which he now traversed in such despondency and horror, might be replaced by the green grass upon which he gamboled in boyhood, and the leafy coverts whose graceful shade had sheltered him from the summer heats on many a day like this.

But let us dwell no longer upon his sufferings. This mental anguish, this dread of the impending fate—one of the earliest symptoms of hydrophobia—was soon followed by other symptoms more pronounced. He would turn pale at sight of the small streams on the route, cross them with trembling, and finally, overcame by his dread of water, dared not cross them at all. It became necessary to cover him with a blanket and carry him across, the mere sight of water throwing him into convulsions. At length it became difficult to get him along at all, and one afternoon, not far from the proposed camping ground, he was left behind in care of two men until he should recover from a fit into which he had fallen. The attendants soon wearied of their task, and came into camp without him.

Fontenelle immediately sent back a party to bring him in, but when they arrived at the spot where he had been left they found only the torn remnants of his clothing, which he had evidently stripped off in his paroxysms, and then fled naked into the wilderness. He was never found, and undoubtely perished miserably in his forlorn condition, without a companion to solace his dying moments, or a friendly hand to bury his remains.

EXPERIMENTS WITH LUNATICS.

Dr. Ponza, director of the insane asylum at Alessandria, Piedmont, has made some interesting experiments to ascertain the effects of solar light on lunatics. Several rooms were specially prepared for this purpose, the walls being painted of the same color as the glass panes of the windows, these latter being quite numerous, in order to favor the action of the light. One of the patients thus treated, affected with morbid taciturnity, became gay and affable after three hours stay in a red chamber; another, a maniac, who had refused all food, asked for some breakfast after having stayed twenty-four hours in the same red chamber. In a blue one, a highly-excited madman, with a straight waistcoat on, was kept all day; an hour after he appeared much calmer. A patient was made to pass the night in a violet chamber; on the following day he begged Dr. Ponza to send him home, because he felt himself cured, and he has been well ever since. Dr. Ponza's conclusions from his experiments are that the violet rays, of all others, possess the most intense elector-chemical power; the red light is also very rich in calorific rays; blue light, on the contrary, is quite devoid of them, as well of chemical and electric ones. Its beneficent influence is hard to explain, but as it is the absolute negation of all excitement, it succeeds admirably in calming the excitement of furious maniacs.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS.

Little Goldenhair.

Golden hair climbed upon grandpa's knee,
Dear little Goldenhair! tired was she;
All the day busy as busy could be.

Up in the morning, as soon as 'twas light,
Out with the birds and butterflies bright,
Skipping about till the coming of night.

Grandpa toyed with the curls on her head,
"What has my darling been doing," he said,
"Since she arose with the sun from her bed?"

"Pitty much," answered the sweet little one,
"I cannot tell so much things I have done,
Played with my dolly, and freded my Bun;

And then I jumped with my little jump-rope;
And made out of some water and soap,
Bootiful worlds, mama's castles of hope.

I afterward readed in my picture book;
And Bella and I we went down to look
For smooth little stones by side of the brook,

And then I comed home and eated my tea;
And I climbed up on grandpapa's knee;
And I jess as tired as tired can be."

Lower and lower the little head pressed,
Until it dropped upon grandpapa's breast,
Dear little Goldenhair, sweet be thy rest!

We are but children. The things that we do
Are as sports of the babe to the infinite view,
That marks all our weakne s, and pities it too.

God grant that when night o'ershadows our way,
And we shall be called to account for our day,
He may find us as guil-less as Go'denhair lay.

And oh, when aweary, may we be so blest,
As to sink like the innocent child to our rest!
And feel ourselves clasped to the infinite breast.

The Two Sisters.

There were two little sisters at the house whom nobody could see without loving, for they were always so happy together. They had the same books and the same playthings, but never a quarrel sprung up among them; no cross words, no pouts, no slaps, no running away in a pet. On the green before the door, trundling hoop, playing the rover, helping mother, they were always the sweet-tempered little girls.

"You never seem to quarrel," I said to them one day; "how is it you are always so happy together?"

They looked up, and the eldest answered, "I 'spose 'tis 'cause Addie lets me and I let Addie."

I thought a moment. "Ah, that is it," I said; "she lets you, and you let her; that's it."

Did you ever think what an apple of discord "not letting" is among children? Even now, while I have been writing, a great crying was heard under the window. I looked out. "Gerty, what is the matter?" "Mary won't let me have her ball," bellows Gerty. "Well, Gerty wouldn't lend me her pencil in school," cried Mary, "and I don't want she should have my ball."

"Fie, fie! is that the way sisters should treat each other?" "She shan't have my pencil," muttered Gerty; she'll only lose it." "And you'll only lose my ball," retorted Mary, "and I shan't let you have it."

The "not letting" principle is downright disobligingness, and a disobliging spirit begets a good deal of quarreling.

These little girls, Addie and her sister, have got the true secret of good manners. Addie lets Rose, and Rose lets Addie. They are yielding, kind, unselfish, always ready to oblige each other; neither wishes to have her own way at the expenses of the other. And are they not happy? Oh, yes. And do you want to love them already.—*The Universalist.*

Sam's Four Bits.

On Christmas eve, Sam hung up his stocking by the dining-room chimney, looked up to the flue to see "if dar was anyt'ing in dar to stop Santa Claus from comin' down," and then trotted away to the kitchen garret to bed. Whether he dreamed of Santa Claus and, if so, his imagination pictured the little Dutch saint, it is impossible to say; but one thing is certain, he got up unusually early the next morning. The day had scarcely begun to break, when Sam's father, Uncle Henry, and old Aunt Phillis, his mother, were aroused by a shout of Chris'mus gif', pappy! Chris'mus mammy! Chris'mus gif'! I done cotch you bote!" Then Sam hurried on his clothes, and hastened over to the house to examine his stocking.

There it was, just as he had left it, except that it was full instead of empty. Full of what?

"Lord-ee! what a big awinge! What's dis? 'nudder awinge, I 'spec'—no, dis yer's an apple. Whoo! jes' look at the candy! What else in dar?" Sam thought that was all; but he took the stocking by the toe and shook it and out dropped a silver coin.

"Money! Wonder how much dis is? 'Bout 'lebenteen dollars, may be—I's gwine to ax mammy."

So Sam ran to show his father and mother what Santa Claus had brought him.

"Fo' bits in silber!" said Aunt Phillis. "Bress my soul! I ain't seed no silber befo' since war times! Gimme dat money, Sam, an' let me put it away in the big chist."

Now this didn't suit Sam at all. He had seen a great many things go into "de big chist" that never came out again, and he was only by no means disposed to let his shining "four-bit-piece" meet with such destiny. "No, mammy," said he; "please jus' let me keep it. I ain't gwine to lose it. 'Sides dat chist sists right up by de chimly; an' ol' Santy might come down an' open it, an' take his money out ag'in."

"Let de chile hab de money, Phillis," said Uncle Henry; ef he loses it, 'taint much, an' it'll learn him to be keerful. Let him keep it."

So Sam kept his money. Baron Rothschild never felt as rich as he did. He would sit about in corners, talking to himself and looking at his "four-bits." If he went across the yard he would stop every few steps to feel in his pocket, to see if it was still there. Indeed, never before did fifty cents seem so important to any one since the time when

"David and Goliath went out fur to fight.
Fur nuffin but a silver half-a-dollar—
David up wid a brick and hit Goliath such a lick
Dat de people over Jorden heerd him holler."

Sam enjoyed his "awing," his apple, his "puckawns," and his candy; but the charms of all these—and they had many—paled before the brightness of the silver. He was never tired of examining it. He wondered whether the bird on one side was hawk, or a buzzard, or a turkey. He tried to count the notches on the rim, but, as he didn't know what came after five, he was obliged to give up the attempt in despair.

When dinner-time came, Aunt Phillis made Sam a little cake, and she pressed the coin down on the dough so as to leave a very deep impression. The cake was baked, and although the mark of the half-dollar became much distorted in the cooking, still, if you looked very hard, you could see what it had been. Sam thought it a wonderful work of art. He carried it off to the back gallery steps, and sat down and ate it; beginning at the edges, and eating up to the mark, until he had a round piece just the size of the coin, with the impression on one side. Then he played with that awhile, and finished by eating it, also.

Time now hung heavy on Sam's hands. He began to think, or "study," as he would have expressed it, about what he would do next.

What he did next was to lay his "four-bits" down on the ground near the steps, and then walk off around the corner of the house. Directly he came back, walking slowly, and looking about as if he had lost something. He kicked among the grass with his feet, shaded his eyes with his hands, and appeared to be very anxious.

"Lemme see," said he, "I come 'long dis way yestiddy, an' I reckon I los' dat money somewhar 'bout dis place. I mus' done dropped it out my pocket. Wonder if anybody picked it up? Lawsy! I done found it. Right under my eyes! Ef it had been a snake it would ha' bit me. I nebber seed de like sence ol' Hecky was a pup!" So saying, he picked up the money with great demonstrations of joy. Then he laid it down in another place, and marched off as before.

This time, however, the play turned out differently. There was a venerable Shanghai rooster that strayed in the yard that everybody called "Old Jack." He was very old and very cross, and he and Sam were deadly enemies. Many a fight had they had, and, although Sam generally got the best of it, Old Jack used to give him a great deal of trouble.

Now, just as Sam went around one corner of the house, Old Jack stalked around the other, closely examining the ground, in quest of a beetle or a worm, or some other agreeable delicacy of that sort. The bright piece of silver attracted his eye, and he advanced toward it. He had not yet determined whether or not it was good to eat, and was about to begin a closer examination, when back came the owner. At sight of his foe, Old Jack seized the coin and ran intending to carry it off and inspect it at his leisure.

Sam set up a tremendous yell, and gave chase. Old Jack ran first in one direction and then in another; but finding himself closely pursued, he took refuge beneath the smoke-house. This building, like nearly all houses at the south, was raised from the ground on small pillars about a foot high, and Old Jack had gone under it, with Sam's money. He dropped it on the ground and crowed loudly, "adding insult to injury."

Sam begun to cry, but that triumphant crow changed the current of his thoughts. He resolved upon measures of war.

Arming himself with corn cobs, he began a vigorous fire upon the enemy. Old Jack, however, did not appear to mind it much. It is hard to throw cob cobs under a house with any degree of force or precision. Sam discharged all he could find, but in vain. Then he sat down and scratched his head.

"I's gwine to git dat money, somehow," said he; "I's jes' got to hab it, shore, and dare's no use talkin' 'bout it. Ol' Jack's got to git out from under dar; you heered me! I ain't a-foolin' now."

So Sam got down on the ground and began crawling under the smoke-house.

Whether old Jack dreaded a combat in such close quarters, or whether he had fully satisfied himself that the half dollar was too hard to be digestible, or whether he was influenced by both considerations, is unknown; but when he saw Sam, he rushed out from his retreat, leaving the silver piece behind him. But Sam was too quick for him. He grasped old Jack by the leg, and scooped up his coin with the other hand.

"Dar! dat's business. Dis ol' rooster 'zarves to hab his neck broke. I'll fix him, 'fore long," said Sam, as he ran toward the house with old Jack in his hands. But suddenly changing his mind he dropped the rooster and pulled his half-dollar from his pocket.—*St. Nicholas.*

A WARNING TO WORKING-MEN.

New York Tribune

The decline of trades unions in this country—the falling off of membership in this city alone during four years has been 58,000—promotes the inquiry: Will the quality of American workmenship be improved thereby? The decline of British trade has been attributed by some English writers to the growth of the trades unions. Working men, they have argued, have lost heart for their work; their societies take up too much of their time; they feel above their work and, as a consequence, British goods are of an inferior quality, and the world doesn't want them. This roundabout course of reasoning is not wholly satisfactory. When trades union breed discontent, the quality of the work is impaired; but they are not always unsuccessful; sometimes they have inspired working-men with new courage in their work. In London, in New York, and the world over, working-men will do their best when they are contented and moderately prosperous. When times are hard and there is little to keep the pot boiling, it costs a bitter struggle to put conscience into work.

THE METHODIST CHURCH.

Chicago Tribune.

Six years ago there were 6,528,200 Methodists in the United States, of which number the Methodist church south embraced the following:

Alabama	218,945
Arkansas	91,800
Florida	42,600
Georgia	327,345
Kentucky	214,918
Louisiana	52,993
Maryland	251,539
Mississippi	208,203
Missouri	185,420
North Carolina	300,045
South Carolina	164 000
Tennessee	336,433
Texas	69,100
Virginia	270,617
West Virginia	152,865
Total	2,897,949

Deduting this total from the entire number of Methodists in the country, it will be found that there are 3,631,260 in the north—an excess over the south of 734,311. The influence of these two great churches moving in harmony hereafter must be very powerful for good. In view of this grand consumation, it is not remarkable that the enthusiasm of the commissioners manifests itself in the following triumphant outburst:

The streams of gospel truth issuing from the depths of their sacred fountains in their holy scriptures, as they are borne to thirsty thousands through the instrumentality of a called and qualified ministry, and made effectual to salvation through the workings of divine power, will increase their assuaging freshness when all the itinerant ranks of Episcopal Methodism shall move together in fraternal concord. Then, as the chosen vessels of grace, may they bear the living waters of salvation to all the world. Contemplating the prospects of complete fraternity among them, we are lead to look back to those inspiring scenes of primitive times when the company of disciples were of one heart and mind, steadfast in the apostles' doctrine and fellowship, having all things in common, continuing in the temple, praising God and having favor with all the people.

In its peculiar doctrinee, its primitive system of church government, its itinerant plan of preaching, its systematic provision for its ministers and members, its wide-spread missionary enterprisee, and the untiring activity of its membership the Methodist church possesses unusual advantages for the spread of its doctrines and unusual opportunities for appealing to the masses of the people These advantages will now be immensely enhanced by the consolidation of these 6,000,000 of active workers, who have heretofore been working separately, but who hereafter will storm the citadel of sin with unbroken front.

THE MAN TO LIVE LONG.

From the Boston Transcript.

He has a proper and well proportioned stature, without, however, being too tall. He is rather of a middle size and somewhat thick-set. His complexion is not too florid; at any rate, too much ruddiness in youth is not a sign of longevity. His hair approaches to the fair rather than to the black. His skin is strong but not rough. His head is not too big; his shoulders are round rather than flat; his neck is not too long; his abdomen does not project; his hands are large, but not too deeply cleft; his foot is rather thick than long, and his legs are firm and round. He has a broad, arched chest, a strong voice, and the faculty of retaining his breath for a long time without difficulty. There is harmony in all his parts. His senses are good, but not too delicate; his pulse is slow and regular; his stomach is excellent; his appetite good and digestion easy. The joys of the table are to him of importance; they tune his mind to serenity, and his soul partakes in the pleasure which they communicate. He does not eat merely for the sake of eating, but each meal is an hour of daily festivity. He eats slowly and has not too much thirst, the latter being always a sign of rapid self-consumption. He is serene, loquacious, active, susceptible of joy, love and hope, but insensible to the impressions of hatred, anger and avarice. His passion never becomes violent or destructive. If he ever gives way to anger he experiences rather a useful glow of warmth, an artificial and gentle fever, without an overflow of the bile. He is also fond of employment, particularly calm meditation and agreeable speculations. He is an optimist, a friend to nature and domestic felicity. He has no thirst after honor or riches and banishes all thought of to-morrow.

RAPID DEVELOPMENT.

On the 28th of April, 1876, Deadwood City was laid out and lots became subject to location. Since that time, phœnix-like, our city has sprung into existence, and with a degree of certainty can we look upon her as a city to be proud of today and one we can rest assured of as being not only to-day but for years to come the metropolis of Lawrence county organized or unorganized. To-day the value of the improvments already made in our city will foot up not less than $50,000, not saying a word regarding the lots themselves, which cost in the first place the small sum of $2.50 each. Taking the price paid for unimproved lots sold in the past few days, we are of the opinion that the actual cash value of the real estate of Deadwood City will exceed $100,000, and the city is yet an infant, being just three months sold.—*Black Hill Pioneer.*

The right hand and wrist of the colossal statute of "liberty," destined for New York harbor, has been received at New York. That is as much of liberty as they want in that city, the part that dips into the treasury and curls up on whatever it touches.

To BE cured of Ague quickly, safely and permanently, use Shallenberger's Pills.

CONTAGIOUS diseases, such as horse ail, glander, etc., may be prevented by the use of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders. Persons traveling with horses should take note of this.

MISSIONARIES and others sojourning in foreign lands should not fail to take with them a good supply of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. It is the most reliable medicine for all purposes there is in the world.

PATENT SUGAR EVAPORATORS.

Referring to our notice that the Blymyer Manufacturing Co. had brought suit in the United States Circuit Court to protect themselves against the alleged infringement of the Cook Evaporator patent by the sale of the SCANTLIN Evaporator, and others, we are informed by Messrs. Thomas Scantlin & Sons, sole owners and patentees of the Scantlin Evaporator, that the bringing and dismissing of suits is an old device, one of the "tricks of trade." They assure us that Cook and Blymyer, in succession, have for eleven years been engaged in bringing occasional suits to scare the customers of other manufacturers, but when pressed for trial they dismiss and pay costs. On one occasion the court reached the me its of the case and decided against them on a preliminary examination. Persons interested in this branch of manufacturing would do well to address Thos. Scantlin & Sons, Evansville, Ind., and they will receive full information concerning the merits of their very popular Evaperator.

CHAPPED hands, face, pimples, ringworm, saltrheum, and other cutaneous affections cured and rough skin made soft and smooth, by using Juniper Tar Soap. Be careful to get only that made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, as there are many imitations made with common tar, all of which are worthless.

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GENERAL MARKET REVIEW

LOUISVILLE.

Flour firm; family, $5a4.50. Wheat firm; red, $1. Corn dull, 42a45c. Oats firmer, 34a36c. Pork buoyant, $17. Bulk meat 7a9c. Bacon, 7¾a10¾c. Sugar cured hams, 15¼c. Lard steady. Whisky, $1.07.

CINCINNATI.

Flour quiet but firm. Wheat steady, with a fair demand; red, 90ca$1 06. Corn in fair demand, 46a47c. Oats in good demand, 33a39c. Pork easier, $19a19.25. Lard in fair demand: closing at 10¾c. bulk meats, 7a9½c. Bacon, 7¾a10¾c. Whisky, $1.07.

ST. LOUIS.

Flour firmer for superfine, fine and sound medium extras, but prices unchanged. Wheat firmer for best grades, but higher for others; No. 2 red winter, $1.15¾. Corn inactive and lower, at 41¾c. Oats firm; 35c bid for No. 2. Whisky, $1.08. Lard dull and lower at 10¾c. Bulk meat, 9a9¾c. Bacon, 8a10c. Hogs higher, $5.15a6.25.

NEW ORLEANS.

Flour, $4 50a6 25. Corn in fair demand; yellow, 65c. Oats in fair demand; Galena higher, 50c. Cornmeal, $2 40. Hay—prime, $16. Pork—mess, $17 50a18. Lard, 11a11¼c. Bulk meats—shoulders, 7¼c. Bacon, 8¾a11¾c. Sugar cured hams, 15¼a16½c. Whisky—choice western, $1.11a1.15.

COTTON MARKETS.

NEW ORLEANS—Middling 11c.
MOBILE—Middling 10¼c.
SAVANNAH—Middling 10¼c.
CHARLESTON—Middling 10¾c.
MEMPHIS—Middling 11c.

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